### Attachment A

Flow Frequency Analysis Memo

#### **MEMORANDUM**

# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

**SUBJECT:** Flow Frequency Determination / 303(d) Status

Tides Utilities North WWTP - VA0029343

**TO:** Drew Hammond, P.E.

**FROM:** Jennifer Palmore, P.G.

**DATE:** July 16, 2010

**REVISED:** March 22, 2011; October 23, 2011

**COPIES:** File

The Tides Utilities North wastewater treatment plant discharges to a tributary of Church Prong and Carter Creek, near Christchurch, VA. The outfall is located at rivermile 3-XHZ000.20. Flow frequencies have been requested at this site for use in developing effluent limitations for the VPDES permit.

The cove is tidally influenced at the discharge location. Flow frequencies cannot be determined for tidal waters, therefore the previously determined dilution ratios should be used. The Virginia Water Quality Standards designates the area as saltwater and therefore the Aquatic Life saltwater criteria should be applied.

During the 2010 Water Quality Assessment, the stream was assessed as a Category 5A water body ("A Water Quality Standard is not attained. The water is impaired or threatened for one or more designated uses by a pollutant(s) and requires a TMDL (303d list).") The entire Rappahannock River Mesohaline segment (RPPMH), which includes the receiving stream, failed the Aquatic Life Use's submerged aquatic vegetation acreage criteria and the summer 30-day mean dissolved oxygen criteria; the applicable fact sheets are attached. The Recreation and Wildlife Uses were fully supporting. The Fish Consumption was considered as fully supporting with observed effects due to exceedance of an arsenic fish tissue screening value. The Shellfish Consumption Use was considered to be removed due to a VDH shellfish prohibition.

Tides Inn North was addressed in the Chesapeake Bay TMDL, which was approved by the EPA on 12/29/2010. The facility was considered a nonsignificant discharger and was therefore included in the aggregated total nitrogen, total phosphorus, and total suspended solids loads for wastewater discharges in the Rappahannock Mesohaline (RPPMH) segment. Because shellfish harvest in the area is prohibited by the VDH, the facility is not considered to directly impact shellfish waters and did not receive a wasteload allocation in the Carters Creek shellfish TMDL.

Stream data from monitoring station 3-CTR000.76 is attached. The station is located on mainstem Carter Creek at the pier at the end of Crockett's Lane, approximately 0.76 mile downstream of Ashburn Cove.

Although the receiving stream is considered impaired of the Aquatic Life Use, the impairment is due to segment-wide low dissolved oxygen and submerged aquatic vegetation violations and is not necessarily indicative of local water quality. Review of the data from station 3-CTR000.76 indicates only one dissolved oxygen value below the 30-day mean water quality standard out of 16 samples. In addition, all values were above the instantaneous and 7-day mean water quality standards. Due to this, Carter Creek and its tributaries are considered Tier 2 waters.

However, the Tides North facility began discharging before the Virginia Water Quality Standards were adopted. Therefore, the immediately surrounding area of Carter Creek that is influenced by the current discharge flow should be considered Tier 1.

If you have any questions concerning this analysis, please let me know.

### 2010 Fact Sheets for 303(d) Waters

RIVER BASIN: Rappahannock River Basin HYDROLOGIC UNIT: 02080104

STREAM NAME: Rappahannock River

TMDL ID: RPPMH-DO-BAY 2010 IMPAIRED AREA ID: CB-RPPMH

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY: 5A TMDL DUE DATE: 2010

IMPAIRED SIZE: 123.53 - Sq. Mi. Watershed: VAP-E22E

INITIAL LISTING: 1998

**UPSTREAM LIMIT:** Mesohaline boundary

**DOWNSTREAM LIMIT:** Mouth at Chesapeake Bay

The mesohaline Rappahannock River and tidal tributaries.

#### **CLEAN WATER ACT GOAL AND USE SUPPORT:**

Aquatic Life Use - Not Supporting, Open Water Subuse - Not Supporting, Deep Water Subuse - Not Supporting, Deep Channel Use - Fully Supporting

IMPAIRMENT: Dissolved Oxygen

The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from Myrtle Swamp to its mouth was originally listed in 1998 by DEQ due to dissolved oxygen exceedances and nutrient overenrichment. The EPA extended the segment upstream to the confluence with Totuskey Creek. In the 2004 cycle dissolved oxygen exceedances were noted in deepwater and deep channel stations downstream of the confluence with Lancaster Creek (Morattico), which is further downstream.

The new Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Standards were implemented during the 2006 cycle. The mesohaline portion of the Rappahannock fails the Open Water Subuse's summer 30-day dissolved oxygen criteria and applicable areas fail the Deep Water 30-day dissolved oxygen criteria. During the 2008 cycle, the Deep Channel Subuse's instantaneous minimum dissolved oxygen criteria was violated, however the segment met the use during the 2010 cycle and will be delisted. The Open Water Subuse's 30-day rest-of-year standard was met and there was insufficient data to assess the other dissolved oxygen criteria.

IMPAIRMENT SOURCE: Point Source, Nonpoint Source

Tributary strategy has been developed.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Problem Characterization

### 2010 Fact Sheets for 303(d) Waters

RIVER BASIN: Rappahannock River Basin HYDROLOGIC UNIT: 02080104

STREAM NAME: Rappahannock River - DELIST

TMDL ID: RPPMH-SAV-BAY 2010 IMPAIRED AREA ID: CB-RPPMH

ASSESSMENT CATEGORY: 2A TMDL DUE DATE: 2010

IMPAIRED SIZE: 123.53 - Sq. Mi. Watershed: VAP-E22E

INITIAL LISTING: 1998

**UPSTREAM LIMIT:** Mesohaline boundary

**DOWNSTREAM LIMIT:** Mouth at Chesapeake Bay

The mesohaline Rappahannock River and tidal tributaries.

#### **CLEAN WATER ACT GOAL AND USE SUPPORT:**

Aquatic Life Use - Fully Supporting, Shallow Water Subuse - Fully Supporting

**IMPAIRMENT:** Aquatic Macrophytes

The mainstem of the Rappahannock River from Myrtle Swamp to its mouth was originally listed in 1998 by DEQ due to dissolved oxygen exceedances and nutrient overenrichment. The EPA extended the segment upstream to the confluence with Totuskey Creek. In the 2004 cycle dissolved oxygen exceedances were noted in deepwater and deep channel stations downstream of the confluence with Lancaster Creek (Morattico), which is further downstream.

The new Chesapeake Bay Water Quality Standards were implemented during the 2006 cycle. The mesohaline portion of the Rappahannock failed the SAV acreage standards during the 2006, 2008, and 2010 cycles. However, during the 2010 cycle, the water clarity criteria was assessed and is meeting the Use, therefore the segment will be delisted.

#### IMPAIRMENT SOURCE:

The segment is meeting the water clarity criteria.

**RECOMMENDATION:** Delist

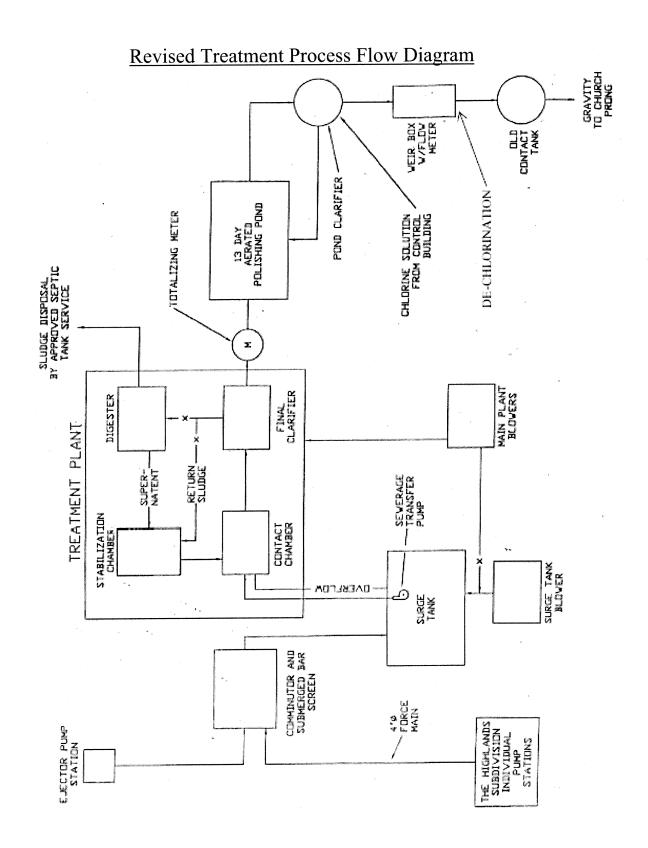
Facility Name: The Tides Utilities, LLC North Wastewater Treatment Plant Permit No: VA0029343

Station ID	Collection Date	Temp Celcius	Depth Desc	Depth	Field Ph	Do Probe	Do Winkler	Salinity	Secchi Depth
3-CTR000.76	7/25/2000	24.81	В	1.50	7.59	5.76		13.50	
3-CTR000.76	7/25/2000	24.81	S	.30	7.62	5.91		13.50	
3-CTR000.76	7/25/2000	24.79	S	1.00	7.61	5.81		13.50	0.9
3-CTR000.76	2/22/2007	6.90	S	.30	7.40	12.10		12.20	
3-CTR000.76	4/9/2007	13.00	S	.30	8.10	10.30		11.30	
3-CTR000.76	6/5/2007	25.70	S	.30	7.90	8.30		12.30	
3-CTR000.76	8/23/2007	26.70	S	.30	7.80	6.50		17.00	
3-CTR000.76	10/30/2007	17.90	S	.30	7.70	7.50		18.60	
3-CTR000.76	12/20/2007	6.70	S	.30	7.60	10.30		19.90	
3-CTR000.76	2/27/2008	8.20	S	.30	7.90	4.10		17.50	
3-CTR000.76	2/29/2008	7.30	S	.30	7.10	10.70		16.80	
3-CTR000.76	4/23/2008	18.50	S	.30	7.80	8.30		13.90	
3-CTR000.76	6/23/2008	28.10	S	.30	7.90	7.20		11.20	
3-CTR000.76	8/6/2008	29.90	S	.30	8.20	7.10		14.70	
3-CTR000.76	10/9/2008	20.50	S	.30	7.90	7.40		17.30	
3-CTR000.76	12/17/2008	8.20	S	.30	7.80	10.20		18.80	
	10th %	7.1		10th %	7.5		Avg.	15.1	
	90th %	27.4		90th %	8.0		-		

Permit No. VA0029343 Fact Sheet Attachments

# Attachment B

Facility Flow Diagram



# Attachment C

Diffuser Modeling Results



### VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

KILMARNOCK OFFICE
P. O. BOX 669
KILMARNOCK, VA 22482
(804) 435-3181

### FAX COVER SHEET

	DATE: 4-9-02
	DATE: 1 C Z
	TO: Red Barrows
·	FROM: DeniseMosca
	SUBJECT: //dls hroge Slehlot (NORTH WWTP)
	COMMENTS: The diffuser was installed last
	Monday-same design as was installed at
(59s	in the way and but our not to
	hork up dechlor basies but it is mostle + spenator  can install with 2 holts-
	can install with 2 holts-
NUM	BER OF PAGES(including transmittal sheet)
If tra	any problems are encountered in the receipt of this

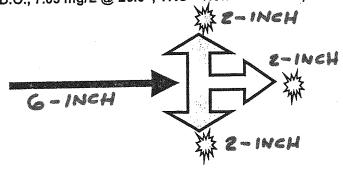
KILMARNOCK OFFICE FAX NO. 804 435-0485

		UNIT	PROCESS	S: Effluent/F	lant Outfal	1	TIDES	INN
1.	Type outfall:	[] Shore bas	ed [x]	Submerged			(South	NWTP)
2.	Type if shore based:	[] Wingwall	[]	Headwall	[] Rip R	Rap [	x] N/A	
3.	Flapper valve?	[]Yes	[x] No					
4.	Erosion of bank?	[]Yes*	[x] No	[] N/A				
5.	Effluent plume visible?	[] Yes *	[x] No					
Cor	nments: Submerged diffu			N/ Cood	[] Fair	[]Poor	*	
6.	Condition of outfall and sup			[x] Good	[]Faii	[]1 001		•
7.	Final effluent, evidence of f	following proble	ems:					
	a. Oil sheen?	[] Yes*	[x] No					
	b. Grease?	[] Yes*	[x] No					
	c. Sludge bar?	[] Yes*	[x] No					
	d. Turbid effluent?	[] Yes*	[x] No					
	e. Visible foam?	[] Yes*	[x] No					
	f. Unusual odor?	[] Yes*	[x] No	2/	refees	EZ	INFO:	

Comments: The discharge flows by gravity to the old WWTP discharge location (submerged pipe; unable to see in receiving stream however slight upwelling was visible on the surface where diffusers are located). There are reportedly three diffusers separated by a few feet.

The effluent leaving the plant was fairly clear (pH = 7.8 S.U., D.O., 7.03 mg/L @ 26.5°, TRC = Non-Detectable).

Diffuser arrangement (from STP)



cc:

[x]

[x] Owner: c/o (x)

Operator: Mr. D. Allen Hall

Local Health Department:

VDH Engineering Field Office: Field Office

 $\Pi$ VDH/Central Office - DWE

[x] [x] DEQ - OWPS, attn: Bill Purcell

DEQ - Piedmont Regional Office File

DEQ - Kilmarnock Office File

[X] EPA - Region III To:

Denise M. Mosca@KLMCK@DEQ

Cc:

Bcc:

From:

Maynard D. Phillips@WPS@DEQ

Subject:

Date:

Thursday, January 21, 1999 9:03:14 EST

Attach:

Certify:

N

Forwarded by:

Denise,

I have looked at the Tides Inn/Lodge situation. I don't see that there would be a significant difference between the modeling I did for the Inn and what I would do for the lodge. I would recommend that you use the same dilution ratios for the Lodge that were applied to the Inn.

Dale.



### VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

KILMARNOCK OFFICE
P. O. BOX 669
KILMARNOCK, VA 22482
(804) 435-3181

	FAX COVER SHEET 90W
	FAX COVER SHEET 90th Disch 27
	DATE: 1-8-99
	DATE: 904 per. p.H 816 Salinity 17.4 %
	$TO \cdot V \setminus V \setminus V \setminus V \setminus V \setminus V \setminus V \cup V \cup V \cup V \cup$
	widthof Creek O.Imi
	FROM: Denise Mosca
	SUBJECT: Cornix analysis for Tides Lodge
	V
	Single port
	COMMENTS: D'ingoing to need a comix anal. For the Lodge -
	COMMENTS: 1 Print
	Inthépart you've done anabysis for Tides Inn,
	directly a cross the creek-The flow is somewhat co.0325 MED VS 0.0495 MED)
	(0.0325 M6D VS 0.0495 M6D)
	Class - Conto you precise grown victoria
	me if I could use the same 16:1 ratio-I endose
NUMBI	ER OF PAGES (including transmittal sheet)
If trans	any problems are encountered in the receipt of this smission, please contact this office at 804 435-3181.

KILMARNOCK OFFICE FAX NO. 804 435-0485



Name:

Denise Mosca

Organization:

DEO

Fax:

804/435-0485

Phone:

804/435-3181

From:

Don Caskie

Date:

January 8, 1999 (11:00AM)

Subject:

VA0029343 Application for Re-issuance; Tides Lodge diffuser

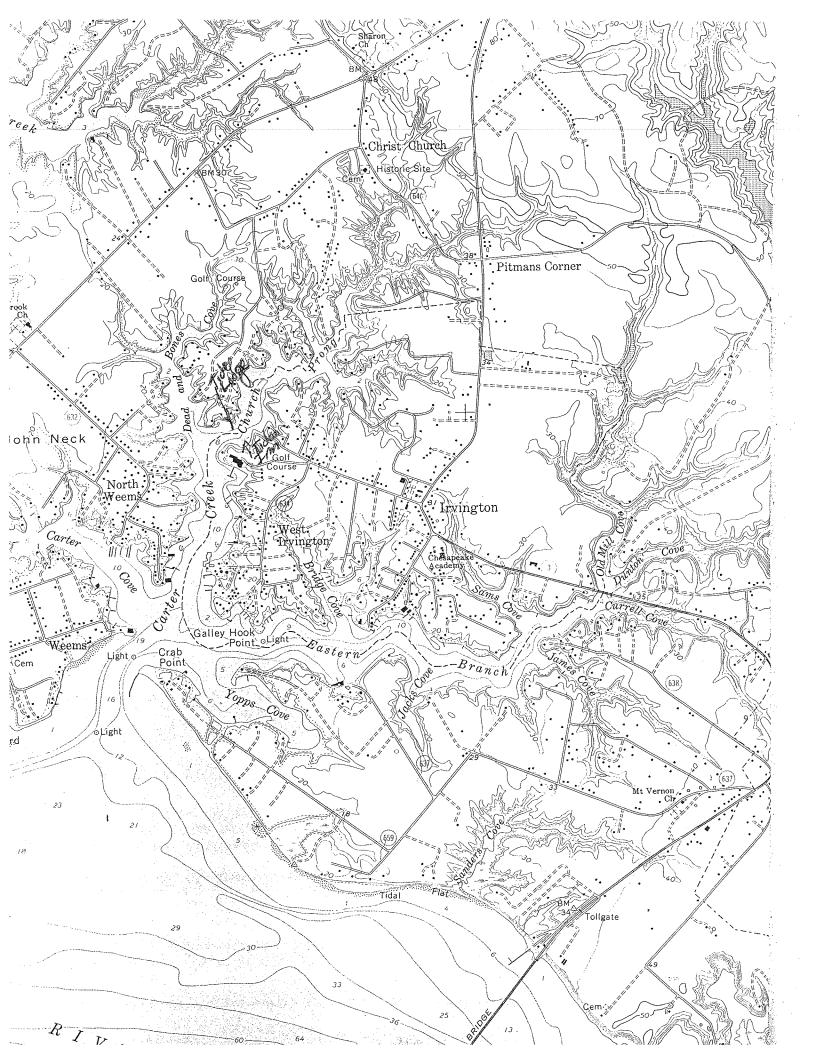
information

File: \\Server\D\_DRIVE\Tides Inn\98163-01\diffusor model info.88163,wpd

For the purpose of modeling the discharge from the Tides Lodge treatment facility, I provide the following:

Tidal Range at the site ..... mean = 1.3 feet Max tidal velocity at site: During the next year there are 36 occurrences when the maximum tidal velocity will be equal to or greater than 1.0 knot. The maximum tidal velocity of 1.2 knots will occur twice; once at 10:54 PM on May 15th and again at 11:45 PM on May 16th. The average maximum velocity for flood tide is 0.6 knots and 0.5 knots for ebb. Average depth of stream ..... six feet Depth of diffusor .....-1.0 mean low water Length of diffusor ..... 6 feet from shoreline 

Note: Today pond is iced over and there is no discharge.



# COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

#### **Water Division**

4900 Cox Road Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

#### MEMORANDUM

Subject: Tides Inn Diffuser Calculations

To:

Denice Mosca, KRO

From:

M. Dale Phillips, OWRM

Date:

May 11, 1994

Copies:

File

I have made the CORMIX runs you requested. The multiport runs should be considered approximate because the model cannot faithfully model the proposed port configuration. However, the results should be sufficiently reliable to base ammonia limits on.

Vale-

The dilution available for the single port diffuser is about 16:1.

The dilution available for the multiport diffuser is at least double that. Since the results are approximate, I would suggest that you use 32:1.



CORMIX2 PREDICTION FILE:

CORNELL MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem CORMIX2: Subsystem version: Submerged Multiport Diffuser Discharges CMX2\_v.2.10\_\_\_\_ CASE DESCRIPTION Multiport tidein2 Site name/label: Design case: may 11 1994

FILE NAME: cormix\sim\tidein2 .cx2

Time of Fortran run: 05/11/94--08:04:48 ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units) Bounded section 304.80 BS = 152.40 AS QA .00 2.00 HD = .000 F = 1.50 HA .156 USTAR = .0000E+00UA 2.000 UWSTAR= .2198E-02 Uniform density environment STRCND= U RHOAM = 1150.0000DIFFUSER DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units) DITYPE=alternating\_perpendicular BETYPE=alternating\_with\_fanning 10.00 BANK = LEFT DISTB = 9.00 YB1 =8.00 YB2 =LD = 2.00 NOPEN = 050 A0 = 3 SPAC = 1.00 .002 H0 =.05 GAMMA = 90.00 THETA = 90.00 .00 BETA = 90.00 .849 Q0 = .005 = .5000E-02 SIGMA = U0 = RHOO = 850.0000 DRHOO = .3000E+03 GPO = .2558E+01CO = .1000E + 04 CUNITS = ppmIPOLL = 1 KS = .0000E+00 KD = .0000E+00 FLUX VARIABLES - PER UNIT DIFFUSER LENGTH (metric units)  $q0 \cdot = .2500E-02 m0 = .2121E-02 j0 = .6396E-02$ SIGNJO= 1.0 Associated 2-d length scales (meters)  $.003 \, \text{lM} = .06 \, \text{lm} = 99999.00$ lmp = 99999.00 lbp = 99999.00 la= 99999.00 FLUX VARIABLES - ENTIRE DIFFUSER (metric units) Q0 = .5000E-02 M0 = .4243E-02 J0 = .1279E-01Associated 3-d length scales (meters) LQ = .08 LM = .15 Lm = 99999.00Lb = 99999.00= 99999.00 Lbp Lmp = 99999.00NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS FRO = 9.77 FRDO = 2.37 R = 999999.00(port/nozzle) (slot) FLOW CLASSIFICATION Flow class (CORMIX2) = Applicable layer depth HS = 1.50

MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS
CO = .1000E+04 CUNITS= ppm

NTOX = 0 NSTD = 0 REGMZ = 0 XINT = 5000.00 XMAX = 5000.00

#### X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM:

ORIGIN is located at the bottom and the diffuser mid-point:

9.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore.

X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward.

NSTEP = 25 display intervals per module

#### BEGIN MOD201: DIFFUSER DISCHARGE MODULE

#### Profile definitions:

BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory

BH = top-hat half-width, in horizontal plane normal to trajectory

S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution

c = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

X Y Z S C BV BH .00 .00 .05 1.0 .100E+04 .00 1.00

#### END OF MOD201: DIFFUSER DISCHARGE MODULE

#### BEGIN MOD221: WEAKLY DEFLECTED PLANE PLUME IN CROSSFLOW

#### Profile definitions:

BV = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, in vertical plane normal to trajectory

BH = top-hat half-width, in horizontal plane normal to trajectory

s = hydrodynamic centerline dilution

C = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

X	Y	$\mathbf{Z}$	S	С	BV	BH
.00	.00	.05	1.0	.100E+04	.00	1.00
.00	.00	.09	2.7	.365E+03	.01	1.01
.00	.00	.14	4.5	.223E+03	.02	1.01
.00	.00	.18	6.2	.161E+03	.02	1.02
.00	.00	.22	8.0	.126E+03	.03	1.03
.00	.00	.27	9.7	.103E+03	.04	1.03
.00	.00	.31	11.5	.873E+02	.04	1.04
.00	.00	.35	13.2	.758E+02	.05	1.05
.00	.00	.40	14.9	.670E+02	.06	1.05
.00	.00	.44	16.7	.600E+02	.06	1.06
.00	.00	.49	18.4	.543E+02	.07	1.07
.00	.00	.53	20.2	.496E+02	.08	1.07
.00	.00	.57	21.9	.457E+02	.08	1.08
.00	.00	.62	23.6	.423E+02	.09	1.08
.00	.00	.66	25.4	.394E+02	.10	1.09
.00	.00	.70	27.1	.369E+02	.10	1.10
.00	.00	.75	28.9	.346E+02	.11	1.10
.00	.00	. 79	30.6	.327E+02	.11	1.11
.00	.00	.83	32.4	.309E+02	.12	1.12
.00	.00	.88	34.1	.293E+02	.13	1.12
.00	.00	.92	35.8	.279E+02	.13	1.13
.00	.00	.96	37.6	.266E+02	.14	1.14
.00	.00	1.01	39.3	.254E+02	.15	1.14
.00	.00	1.05	41.1	~244E+02	.15	1.15
.00	.00	1.09	42.8	.234E+02	.16	1.16

44.5 .225E+02 .00 1.14 Cumulative travel time = 0. sec

#### END OF MOD221: WEAKLY DEFLECTED PLANE PLUME IN CROSSFLOW

#### BEGIN MOD232: LAYER BOUNDARY IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING

Vertical angle of layer/boundary impingement = 89.86 deg Horizontal angle of layer/boundary impingement = .00 deg UPSTREAM INTRUSION PROPERTIES:

Upstream intrusion length 52.20 m X-position of upstream stagnation point = -52.20 m Thickness in intrusion region = 1.50 m
Half-width at downstream end = 397170.10 m
Thickness at downstream end = 1.50 m

In this case, the upstream INTRUSION IS VERY LARGE, exceeding 10 times the local water depth.

This may be caused by a very small ambient velocity, perhaps in combination with large discharge buoyancy.

If the ambient conditions are strongly transient (e.g. tidal), then the CORMIX steady-state predictions of upstream intrusion are probably unrealistic.

The plume predictions prior to boundary impingement and wedge formation will be acceptable, however.

Plume width as a function of position:

X: -52.20 28324.55 56701.30 85078.05 \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\* BH:

#### Profile definitions:

BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically

BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in y-direction

ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate)

ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate)

S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution

C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

#### Control volume inflow:

s c BV X Y Z BH .00 .00 1.14 44.5 .225E+02 .33 1.16

Control volume outflow:

X Y Z S C BV BH ZU
198585.00 .00 1.50 714.9 .140E+01 1.50 \*\*\*\*\*\*\* 1.50 ZL

Cumulative travel time = 66195010000. sec

#### END OF MOD232: LAYER BOUNDARY IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING

\*\* End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) \*\*

At the end of the NFR, the plume POSITION EXCEEDS SPECIFIED LIMITS for the regulatory mixing zone (RMZ) and/or the region of interest (ROI). Specifications may be overly restrictive.

Use larger ROI values in subsequent iteration!

SIMULATION ENDS.

CORMIX2: Submerged Multiport Diffuser Discharges End of Prediction File 

CORMIX1 PREDICTION FIL CORNELL MIXING ZONE EXPERT SYSTEM Subsystem version: Subsystem CORMIX1: Submerged Single Port Discharges CMX1\_v.2.10 May 1993 

CASE DESCRIPTION tides^inn Site name/label: Design case: FILE NAME: May^11^1994

cormix\sim\tidesinn.cx1 Time of Fortran run: 05/11/94--07:47:41

ENVIRONMENT PARAMETERS (metric units)

Bounded section

.00 = 152.40 AS 304.80 QA

== 2.00 HD 1.50 HA ===

.000 F = .156 USTAR = .0000E+00UA

2.000 UWSTAR= .2198E-02

Uniform density environment

STRCND= U RHOAM = 1150.0000

DISCHARGE PARAMETERS (metric units)

BANK = LEFT DISTB = 8.00

.150 A0 = .018 HO D0 =

THETA =

.00 SIGMA = 270.00 .113 Q0 = .002 = .2000E-02U0 =

RHOO = 850.0000 DRHOO = .3000E+03 GPO = .2558E+01

CO = .1000E+04 CUNITS= ppm IPOLL = 1 KS = .0000E+00 KD = .0000E+00

FLUX VARIABLES (metric units)

Q0 = .2000E-02 M0 = .2264E-03 J0 = .5117E-02 SIGNJ0=1.0

Associated length scales (meters)

.03 Lm = 99999.00 Lb= 99999.00 LO = .13 LM =

= 99999.00 Lbp = 99999.00 Lmp

NON-DIMENSIONAL PARAMETERS

= .18 R = 99999.00 FR0

FLOW CLASSIFICATION

1 Flow class (CORMIX1) = H4-90 1 Applicable layer depth HS = 1.50

MIXING ZONE / TOXIC DILUTION / REGION OF INTEREST PARAMETERS

CO = .1000E + 04 CUNITS = ppm

NTOX = 0

NSTD = 0

REGMZ = 0

XINT = 5000.00 XMAX = 5000.00

X-Y-Z COORDINATE SYSTEM:

ORIGIN is located at the bottom and below the center of the port:

8.00 m from the LEFT bank/shore.

X-axis points downstream, Y-axis points to left, Z-axis points upward.

NSTEP = 25 display intervals per module

BEGIN MOD101: DISCHAR MODULE (FLOW ESTABLISHMEN

X Y Z S C B .00 .00 .05 1.0 .100E+04 .08

END OF MOD101: DISCHARGE MODULE (FLOW ESTABLISHMENT)

BEGIN MOD111: WEAKLY DEFLECTED JET IN CROSSFLOW

CROSSFLOWING DISCHARGE

This flow region is INSIGNIFICANT in spatial extent and will be by-passed.

END OF MOD111: WEAKLY DEFLECTED JET IN CROSSFLOW

BEGIN MOD121: WEAKLY DEFLECTED PLUME IN CROSSFLOW

Profile definitions:

B = Gaussian 1/e (37%) half-width, normal to trajectory

S = hydrodynamic centerline dilution

C = centerline concentration (includes reaction effects, if any)

X	Y	Z	S	С	В
.00	.00	.05	1.0	.100E+04	.03
.00	-277.04	.10	1.3	.771E+03	.04
.00	-351.90	.14	1.6	.615E+03	.04
.00	-405.86	.19	2.0	.504E+03	.05
.00	-449.83	.24	2.4	.423E+03	.05
.00	-487.72	.28	2.8	.360E+03	.06
.00	-521.44	.33	3.2	.311E+03	.06
.00	-552.09	.37	3.7	.272E+03	.07
.00	-580.36	.42	4.2	.240E+03	.07
.01	-606.71	.47	4.7	.214E+03	.08
.01	-631.47	.51	5.2	.192E+03	.08
.01	-654.91	.56	5.8	.173E+03	.09
.01	-677.19	.61	6.3	.158E+03	.09
.01	-698.48	.65	6.9	.144E+03	.10
.01	-718.90	.70	7.6	.132E+03	.10
.01	-738.53	.75	8.2	.122E+03	.11
.01	<b>~</b> 757.46	.79	8.9	.113E+03	.11
.01	-775.76	.84	9.6	.105E+03	.12
.01	-793.49	.89	10.3	.973E+02	.12
.01	-810.69	.93	11.0	.909E+02	.13
.01	-827.41	.98	11.7	.851E+02	.13
.01	-843.68	1.02	12.5	.799E+02	.14
.02	-859.54	1.07	13.3	.752E+02	.14
.02	-875.01	1.12	14.1	.709E+02	.15
.02	-890.13	1.16	14.9	.670E+02	.15
.02	-904.91	1.21//	/15.8 <sub>/</sub>	635E+02	.16
Cumulative	travel ti	lme = / (		1. sec	

END OF MOD121: WEAKLY DEFLECTED PLUME IN CROSSFLOW

BEGIN MOD132: LAYER BOUNDARY IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING

Vertical angle of layer/boundary impingement = .18 deg Horizontal angle of layer/boundary impingement = 270.00 deg

UPSTREAM INTRUSION PA PERTIES: Upstream intrusion length 23.53 m X-position of upstream stagnation point = -23.51 mThickness in intrusion region = -23.51 m

Half-width at downstream end = .74 m Half-width at downstream end .74 m Thickness at downstream end In this case, the upstream INTRUSION IS VERY LARGE, exceeding 10 times the local water depth. This may be caused by a very small ambient velocity, perhaps in combination with large discharge buoyancy. If the ambient conditions are strongly transient (e.g. tidal), then the CORMIX steady-state predictions of upstream intrusion are probably unrealistic. The plume predictions prior to boundary impingement will be acceptable, however. Plume width as a function of position: X: -23.51 15617.21 31257.92 46898.64 62539.35 78180.06 93820.78 \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Profile definitions: BV = top-hat thickness, measured vertically BH = top-hat half-width, measured horizontally in Y-direction ZU = upper plume boundary (Z-coordinate) ZL = lower plume boundary (Z-coordinate) S = hydrodynamic average (bulk) dilution C = average (bulk) concentration (includes reaction effects, if any) Control volume inflow: X Y Z S C .02 -904.91 1.21 15.8 .635E+02 Control volume outflow: L S C BV BH
109461.50 -904.91 1.50 483.1 .207E+01 .74 \*\*\*\*\*\*\*
Cumulative travel time = 36487160000 ZU ZL.74 \*\*\*\*\*\* .76 1.50 END OF MOD132: LAYER BOUNDARY IMPINGEMENT/UPSTREAM SPREADING \*\* End of NEAR-FIELD REGION (NFR) \*\* At the end of the NFR, the plume POSITION EXCEEDS SPECIFIED LIMITS for the regulatory mixing zone (RMZ) and/or the region of interest (ROI). Specifications may be overly restrictive. Use larger ROI values in subsequent iteration! SIMULATION ENDS. 

End of Prediction File

CORMIX1: Submerged Single Port Discharges

#### Mosca, Denise

From:

Brockenbrough, Allan

Sent:

Thursday, April 22, 2004 9:58 AM

To:

Mosca, Denise

Cc:

Palmore, Jennifer

Subject:

RE: Tides Lodge

#### Hey Denise-

Sorry for the delay in getting back to you. By definition, the wla multipliers are all 1 for "end-of-pipe" limits. No dilution is available. For a Tier 2 water you are going to get wla's equal to 1/4 the water quality criteria. They really need to construct a submerged diffuser in deeper water to get any kind of reasonable mixing. Give me a call if we need to discuss further.

#### Allan

----Original Message-----

From:

Mosca, Denise

Sent:

Subject:

Friday, April 16, 2004 11:44 AM

To: Cc: Brockenbrough,Allan Palmore,Jennifer Tides Lodge

Hi, I proceeded with end of pipe limits for this facility as you recommended. We went around on a tier designation for the Tides Lodge discharge location and settled on Tier 2. I need to run mstranti for the baselines and attach it in my fact sheet to satisfy antidegradation. I'll still need multipliers from you then for the WLAs.

Denise

Permit No. VA0029343 Fact Sheet Attachments

# Attachment D

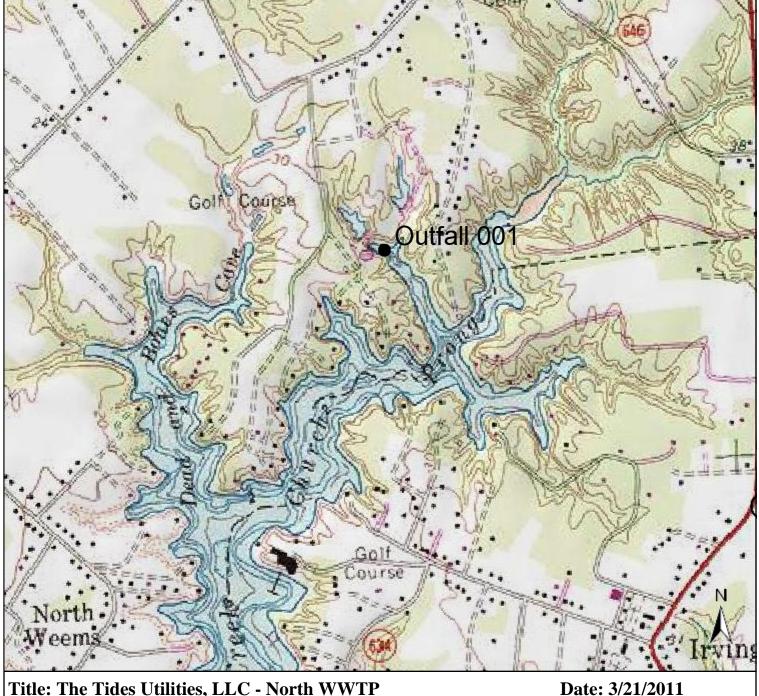
Topographic Map

### **VEGIS Map Export**

#### Legend

**DEQ Central & Regional Offices** 

- DEQ Central Office, 629 East Main Street, Richmond, VA 23219
- South West Regional Office, 355 Deadmore St SE, Abingdon, VA 24210
- Blue Ridge Regional Office, 3019 Peters Creek Road NW, Roanoke, VA 24019
- Blue Ridge Regional Office, 7705 Timberlake Road, Lynchburg, VA 24502
- Northern Virginia Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193
- Piedmont Regional Office, 4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, VA 23060
- Tidewater Regional Office, 5636 Southern Blvd, Virginia Beach, VA 23462
- Valley Regional Office, 4411 Early Road, Harrisonburg, VA 22801
- DEQ Regional Boundaires



Title: The Tides Utilities, LLC - North WWTP

DISCLAIMER: The environmental data contained in this application is for REFERENCE ONLY and is NOT certified to be absolutely complete or correct. Specific data of concern should be verified with DEQ prior to any other use.

Permit No. VA0029343 Fact Sheet Attachments

# Attachment E

Site Inspection Report

#### **MEMORANDUM**

#### DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Rd Glen Allen, VA 23060

(804) 527-5020

SUBJECT: Site Visit- The Tides Inn, LLC North WWTP VA0029343 (formerly Tides

Golf Lodge WWTP)

TO: File

FROM: Janine Howard, PRO

DATE: 24 August 2010

This site visit took place on August 23, 2010. Ray Jenkins and I met with Tides Inn operator Allen Hall. The facility is located in Irvington, VA on State Route 757 (Figure 1). The facility treats wastewater from approximately 36 condo units in "The Greens Association" housing development as well as a restaurant. The Tides Lodge has been closed for approximately 6 years and no longer discharges to the treatment plant.

The facility is permitted for 32,500 gpd, however the flow is generally 1,000-2,000 gpd. Three pump stations direct wastewater to the facility. The influent flows through a bar screen/comminutor to the flow equalization basin (Figure 3). The equalization basin appeared to be adequately aerating. The activated sludge aeration basin consists of contact stabilization and re-aeration tanks. Three blowers supply the diffused air and aeration and activated sludge return are operated on a timer, 15 minutes on and 30 minutes off. Sludge is wasted as necessary to meet the target settleability value. There are three secondary clarifiers, operated in series that discharge to the polishing pond. The facility is, in places, open to the air. In an effort to combat leaves, which were entering the treatment system and clogging the pumps, the operator has installed screens on all openings in the plant. These screens have been effective at preventing leaf deposition. The polishing pond, about 15 feet deep, is approximately 85% covered with duckweed (Figure 4). Allen Hall maintains the duckweed cover, even after natural die back as it limits algal growth by blocking sunlight. The effluent then flows to the chlorine contact tank. The chlorine is a tablet feed system and a 30 minute contact time is achieved. Sodium sulfite tablets are used to dechlorinate prior to discharge via a vnotch weir (Figure 5). The outfall discharges at the head of Ashburn Cove, part of Carter's Creek. During low tide the pipe is visible above water.

The facility was repainted in the last year and appears well maintained. The package plant was built in 1965 and taking into consideration the age of the basins, a 6 foot deep concrete retaining wall was erected surrounding the facility as a safety measure for leaks (Figure 2).

At the time of the 2005 permit reissuance, a two-stage flow expansion to 0.04 MGD and later 0.1 MGD was planned in addition to plant upgrade. The facility will remain permitted for a discharge of 0.1 MGD (the 0.04 MGD tier is no longer requested by the permittee); however, the upgrade/expansion is on hold indefinitely due to economic factors.

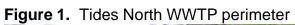




Figure 2. Retaining wall



**Figure 3.** Equalization tanks and screens to prevent leaf deposition.



Figure 4. Polishing Pond



Figure 5. Final Effluent at V-notch weir prior to discharge to Ashburn Cove



### Attachment F

Effluent DMR Data

Outfall: 001

DMR	Fl	ow		ВС	)D <sub>5</sub>	
Due	Monthly Avg.	Maximum	Month	ıly Avg.	Week	ly Avg.
Date	MGD	MGD	mg/L	kg/d	mg/L	kg/d
12/10/07	.0080	.0151	3	.0761	3	.0761
1/10/08	0.0048	0.0151	5	.1363	5	.1363
2/10/08	.0019	.0065	5	.0568	5	.0568
3/10/08	.0021	.0082	9	.1022	9	.1022
4/10/08	0.0058	0.0096	8	.1787	8	.1787
5/10/08	.0059	.0118	9	.2316	9	.2316
6/10/08	0.0074	0.0129	6	.3691	8	.3691
7/10/08	0.0061	0.0105	3	.0545	3	.0545
8/10/08	0.0057	0.0097	2	.0553	2	.0553
9/10/08	0.0053	0.0089	2	0.0341	2	0.0341
10/10/08	0.0055	0.0124	9	0.0749	9	0.0749
11/10/08	0.0049	0.0092	3	.0352	3	.0352
12/10/08	0.0019	0.0048	12	.2180	12	.2180
1/10/09	0.0014	0.0084	11	0.0291	11	0.0291
2/10/09	0.0006	0.0020	4	.0303	4	.0303
3/10/09	0.0004	0.0018	6	.0091	6	.0091
4/10/09	0.0016	0.0086	9	.0238	9	.0238
5/10/09	0.0025	0.0173	5	.0814	5	.0814
6/10/09	0.0050	0.0088	3	.0488	3	.0488
7/10/09	0.0060	0.0173	8	.0969	8	.0969
8/10/09	0.0066	0.0173	15	.4883	15	.4883
9/10/09	0.0067	0.0216	3	.0488	3	.0488
10/10/09	0.0057	0.0173	3	.0977	3	.0977
11/10/09	0.0028	0.0130	2	.0106	2	.0106
12/10/09	0.0045	0.0173	21	.0556	21	.0556
1/10/10	0.0049	0.0173	4	.0212	4	.0212
2/10/10	0.0022	0.0108	4	.0212	4	.0212
3/10/10	0.0019	0.0072	3	.0329	3	.0329
4/10/10	0.0054	0.0432	12	.1317	12	.1317
5/10/10	0.0056	0.0096	7	.1139	7	.1139
6/10/10	0.0036	0.0096	4	.0439	4	.0439
7/10/10	0.0043	0.0173	6	.0318	6	.0318
8/10/10	0.0044	0.0123	5	.0662	5	.0662
9/10/10	0.0042	0.0096	3	.0318	3	.0318
10/10/10	0.0056	0.0432	4	.0348	4	.0348
11/10/10	0.0048	0.0432	2	.0288	2	.0288

Outfall: 001

DMR		TS	SS		Total Resid	Total Residual Chlorine		
Due	Month	ly Avg.	Week	ly Avg.	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.		
Date	mg/L	kg/d	mg/L	kg/d	ug/L	ug/L		
12/10/07	4	.1014	4	.1014	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
1/10/08	1	.0273	1	.0273	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
2/10/08	3.2	.0363	3.2	.0363	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
3/10/08	9	.1022	9	.1022	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
4/10/08	8.7	.1943	8.7	.1943	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
5/10/08	8	.2059	8	.2059	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
6/10/08	9.6	.3992	10	.4504	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
7/10/08	3.4	.0618	3.4	.0618	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
8/10/08	2.1	.0580	2.1	.0580	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
9/10/08	2.1	0.0358	2.1	0.0358	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10/10/08	4.3	0.0358	4.3	0.0358	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
11/10/08	4	.0469	4	.0469	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
12/10/08	8	.1453	8	.1453	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
1/10/09	4.2	0.0111	4.2	0.0111	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
2/10/09	3.6	.0273	3.6	.0273	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
3/10/09	5.5	.0083	5.5	.0083	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
4/10/09	8.1	.0215	8.1	.0215	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
5/10/09	6.5	.1058	6.5	.1058	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
6/10/09	12	.1953	12	.1953	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
7/10/09	11	.1332	11	.1332	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
8/10/09	17	.5534	17	.5534	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
9/10/09	8.8	.1432	8.8	.1432	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10/10/09	2.7	.0879	2.7	.0879	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
11/10/09	1.1	.0058	1.1	.0058	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
12/10/09	1.3	.0034	1.3	.0034	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
1/10/10	15	.0795	30	0.1590	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
2/10/10	<1.0	.0053	<1.0	.0053	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
3/10/10	1.0	.0110	1.0	.0110	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
4/10/10	5.6	.0615	5.6	.0615	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
5/10/10	8.7	.1416	8.7	.1416	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
6/10/10	5.5	.0604	5.5	.0604	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
7/10/10	1.3	.0069	1.3	.0069	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
8/10/10	3.4	.0450	3.4	.0450	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
9/10/10	1.3	.0138	1.3	.0138	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
10/10/10	1.4	.0122	1.4	.0122	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		
11/10/10	1	.0144	1	.0144	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>		

Outfall: 001

DMR	Ammonia	a-Nitrogen	Oil & G	Grease
Due	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.	Monthly Avg.	Weekly Avg.
Date	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
12/10/07	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
1/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5	<5
2/10/08	<.10	<.10	<5.0	<5.0
3/10/08	<0.10	0.10	<5	<5
4/10/08	0.15	0.15	<5.0	<5.0
5/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
6/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5	<5
7/10/08	0.26	0.47	<5.0	<5.0
8/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
9/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
10/10/08	<.10	<.10	<5.0	<5.0
11/10/08	<.10	<.10	<5.0	<5.0
12/10/08	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
1/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	<5	<5
2/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	NULL	NULL
3/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	<5	<5
4/10/09	0.11	0.11	NULL	NULL
5/10/09	0.11	0.11	<5	<5
6/10/09	0.12	0.12	NULL	NULL
7/10/09	0.14	0.14	<5	<5
8/10/09	0.12	0.12	10.1	10.1
9/10/09	<0.1	<0.1	<5	<5
10/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
11/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
12/10/09	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
1/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	7.8	7.8
2/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
3/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
4/10/10	0.11	0.11	<5.0	<5.0
5/10/10	0.13	0.13	<ql< td=""><td><ql< td=""></ql<></td></ql<>	<ql< td=""></ql<>
6/10/10	0.10	0.10	<5.0	<5.0
7/10/10	0.13	0.13	<5.0	<5.0
8/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
9/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
10/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0
11/10/10	<0.10	<0.10	<5.0	<5.0

Outfall: 001

DMR	р	H	Fecal Coliform
Due	Minimum	Maximum	Monthly Geo. Mean
Date	s.u.	S.U.	N / 100 mL
12/10/07	7.98	8.43	2
1/10/08	8.16	8.49	<2
2/10/08	8.42	8.80	<2
3/10/08	8.53	8.82	8
4/10/08	8.54	8.99	6
5/10/08	7.92	8.99	2
6/10/08	7.69	8.05	42
7/10/08	7.94	8.25	40
8/10/08	7.87	8.36	23
9/10/08	7.90	8.25	2
10/10/08	8.12	8.38	6
11/10/08	8.23	8.42	8
12/10/08	8.21	8.68	2
1/10/09	8.34	8.65	<2
2/10/09	8.18	8.51	2
3/10/09	8.32	8.74	2
4/10/09	8.75	9.0	2
5/10/09	8.38	8.99	2
6/10/09	8.20	8.45	2
7/10/09	8.04	8.40	4
8/10/09	8.00	8.48	14
9/10/09	7.85	8.31	2
10/10/09	7.99	8.40	2
11/10/09	7.72	8.50	2
12/10/09	7.63	8.15	2
1/10/10	7.12	7.98	<2
2/10/10	7.57	8.08	<2
3/10/10	7.60	8.40	2
4/10/10	8.25	9.0	2
5/10/10	8.09	9.0	2
6/10/10	7.85	8.24	2
7/10/10	7.95	8.55	2
8/10/10	7.89	8.55	2
9/10/10	7.92	8.40	2
10/10/10	7.92	8.58	2
11/10/10	7.88	8.94	2

10th % 8.2 90th % 9.0

# Attachment G

Water Quality Criteria Monitoring Data

# ATTACHMENT A DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY WATER QUALITY CRITERIA MONITORING

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE <sup>(2)</sup>	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
		META	\LS			in the second se
7440-36-0	Antimony, dissolved	(3)	1.4 ug/l	<1.0	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-38-2	Arsenic, dissolved	(3)	1.0 ug/l	3.0	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-43-9	Cadmium, dissolved	(3)	0.30 ug/l	<0.2	G or C	1/5 YR
16065-83-1	Chromium III, dissolved (6)	(3)	3.6 ug/l	<1.0	G or C	1/5 YR
18540-29-9	Chromium VI, dissolved (6)	(3)	1.6 ug/l	<1.0	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-50-8	Copper, dissolved	(3)	0.50 ug/l	8.1	G or C	1/5 YR
7439-92-1	Lead, dissolved	(3)	0.50 ug/l	<0.5	G or C	1/5 YR
7439-97-6	Mercury, dissolved	(3)	1.0 ug/l	<0.2	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-02-0	Nickel, dissolved	(3)	0.94 ug/l	1.2	G or C	1/5 YR
7782-49-2	Selenium, dissolved	(3)	2.0 ug/l	<1.0	G or C	1/5 YR (Saliwa(O))
7440-22-4	Silver, dissolved	(3)	0.20 ug/l	. <0.2	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-28-0	Thallium, dissolved	(4)	(5)	<1.0	G or C	1/5 YR
7440-66-6	Zinc, dissolved	(3)	3.6 ug/l	11	G or C	1/5 YR
	F	ESTICIDE	S/PCB'S			
309-00-2	Aldrin	608	0.05	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR
57-74-9	Chlordane	608	<del>                                     </del>			
		1 000	0.2	<0.2	G or C	1/5 YR
2921-88-2	Chlorpyrifos	(4)	(5)	<0.2	G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR
2921-88-2 72-54-8				_		
	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)	(4)	(5)	<0.2	G or C	1/5 YR
72-54-8	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban) DDD	(4)	(5)	<0.2 <0.05	G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR
72-54-8 72-55-9	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban) DDD DDE	(4) 608 608	(5) 0.1 0.1	<0.2 <0.05 <0.05	G or C G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR
72-54-8 72-55-9 50-29-3	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)  DDD  DDE  DDT	(4) 608 608 608	(5) 0.1 0.1 0.1	<0.2 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05	G or C G or C G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR
72-54-8 72-55-9 50-29-3 8065-48-3	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)  DDD  DDE  DDT  Demeton	(4) 608 608 608 (4)	(5) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (5)	<0.2 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05	G or C G or C G or C G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR
72-54-8 72-55-9 50-29-3 8065-48-3 333-41-5	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)  DDD  DDE  DDT  Demeton  Diazinon	(4) 608 608 608 (4) (4)	(5) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (5) (5)	<0.2 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <1 <1	G or C	1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR 1/5 YR
72-54-8 72-55-9 50-29-3 8065-48-3 333-41-5 60-57-1	Chlorpyrifos (synonym = Dursban)  DDD  DDE  DDT  Demeton  Diazinon  Dieldrin	(4) 608 608 608 (4) (4) (4)	(5) 0.1 0.1 0.1 (5) (5) 0.1	<0.2 <0.05 <0.05 <0.05 <1 <1 <0.05	G or C	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE <sup>(2)</sup>	SAMPLE FREQUENCY	
72-20-8	Endrin	608	0.1	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
7421-93-4	Endrin Aldehyde	(4)	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
86-50-0	Guthion	(4)	(5)	<1	G or C	1/5 YR	
76-44-8	Heptachlor	608	0.05	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
1024-57-3	Heptachlor Epoxide	(4)	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
319-84-6	Hexachlorocyclohexane Alpha-BHC	608	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
319-85-7	Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta-BHC	608	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
58-89-9	Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC or Lindane	608	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
143-50-0	Kepone	(9)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
121-75-5	Malathion	(4)	(5)	<1	G or C	1/5 YR	
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	(4)	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
2385-85-5	Mirex	(4)	(5)	<0.05	G or C	1/5 YR	
56-38-2	Parathion	(4)	(5)	<1	G or C	1/5 YR	
1336-36-3	PCB Total	608	7.0	<0.5	G or C	1/5 YR	
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	608	5.0	<0.5	G or C	1/5 YR	
	BASE N	EUTRAL E	XTRACTA	BLES			
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
120-12-7	Anthracene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
92-87-5	Benzidine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
56-55-3	Benzo (a) anthracene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
205-99-2	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
207-08-9	Benzo (k) fluoranthene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
50-32-8	Benzo (a) pyrene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
111-44-4	Bis 2-Chloroethyl Ether	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
108-60-1	Bis 2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
218-01-9	Chrysene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	
53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	625	20.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR	

CASRN#	CHÉMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE <sup>(2)</sup>	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
84-74-2	Dibutyl phthalate (synonym = Di-n-Butyl Phthalate)	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
. 95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	624	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	624	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
106-46-7	1,4-Dîchlorobenzene	624	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
91-94-1	3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
117-81-7	Bis-2-ethylhexyl phthalate	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
122-66-7	1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
86-73-7	Fluorene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	625	20.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
78-59-1	Isophorone	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
62-75-9	N-Nitrosodimethylamine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
621-64-7	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
129-00-0	Pyrene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	625	10.0	<5	G or C	. 1/5 YR
		VOLAT	ILES			
107-02-8	Acrolein	(4)	(5)	<50	G	1/5 YR
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	(4)	(5)	<50	G	1/5 YR
71-43-2	Benzene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
75-25-2	Bromoform	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE <sup>(2)</sup>	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
56-23-5	Carbon Tetrachloride	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene (synonym = monochlorobenzene)	624	50.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
124-48-1	Chlorodibromomethane	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
67-66-3	Chloroform	624	10.0	105	G	1/5 YR
75-09-2	Dichloromethane (synonym = methylene chloride)	624	20.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
75-27-4	Dichlorobromomethane	624	10.0	<b>&lt;</b> 5	G	1/5 YR
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethylene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
156-60-5	1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	(4)	(5)	<5	G	1/5 YR
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	(4)	(5)	<5	G	1/5 YR
542-75-6	1,3-Dichloropropene	(4)	(5)	<5	G	1/5 YR
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
74-83-9	Methyl Bromide	(4)	(5)	<10	G	1/5 YR
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	(4)	(5)	<5	G	1/5 YR
127-18-4	Tetrachioroethylene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
10-88-3	Toluene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	(4)	(5)	<5	G	1/5 YR
79-01-6	Trichloroethylene	624	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
75-01-4	Vinyl Chloride	624	10.0	<10	G	1/5 YR
	ACI	D EXTRAC	CTABLES (6			
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
120-83-2	2,4 Dichlorophenol	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
105-67-9	2,4 Dimethylphenol	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	(4)	(5)	<20	G or C	1/5 YR
534-52-1	2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	(4)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
25154-52-3	Nonylphenol	(5)	(5)	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	625	50.0	<10	G or C	1/5 YR
108-95-2	Phenol	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	625	10.0	<5	G or C	1/5 YR

CASRN#	CHEMICAL	EPA ANALYSIS NO.	QUANTIFICATION LEVEL <sup>(1)</sup>	REPORTING RESULTS	SAMPLE TYPE <sup>(2)</sup>	SAMPLE FREQUENCY
		MISCELLA	NEOUS			
776-41-7	Ammonia as NH3-N	350.1	200	0.12	С	1/5 YR
7782-50-5	Chlorine Produced Oxidant	(4)	(5)	See DMR	G	1/5 YR
7782-50-5	Chlorine, Total Residual	(4)	100	See DMR	G	1/5 YR
57-12-5	Cyanide, Free	(4)	10.0	<5	G	1/5 YR
N/A	E. coli / Enterococcus (N/CML)	(4)	(5)	<1	G	1/5 YR
7783-06-4	Hydrogen Sulfide	(5)	(5)	660	G	1/5 YR
60-10-5	Tributyltin (7)	NBSR 85-3295	(5)	<3	G or C	1/5 YR
	Hardness (mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> )	(4)	(5)	35	G or C (10)	1/5 YR

Name of Principal Exec. Officer or Authorized Agent/Title

DECENSIN 20 2019

Signature of Principal Officer or Authorized Agent/Date

I certify under penalty of aw that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations. See 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 and 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1319. (Penalties under these statutes may include fines up to \$10,000 and or maximum imprisonment of between 6 months and 5 years.)

#### FOOTNOTES:

(1) Quantification level (QL) is defined as the lowest concentration used for the calibration of a measurement system when the calibration is in accordance with the procedures published for the required method.

The quantification levels indicated for the metals are actually Specific Target Values developed for this permit. The Specific Target Value is the approximate value that may initiate a wasteload allocation analysis. Target values are not wasteload allocations or effluent limitations. The Specific Target Values are subject to change based on additional information such as hardness data, receiving stream flow, and design flows.

Units for the quantification level are micrograms/liter unless otherwise specified.

Quality control and quality assurance information shall be submitted to document that the required quantification level has been attained.

#### (2) Sample Type

G = Grab = An individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes. Substances specified with "grab" sample type shall only be collected as grabs. The permittee may analyze multiple grabs and report

the average results provided that the individual grab results are also reported. For grab metals samples, the individual samples shall be filtered and preserved immediately upon collection.

C = Composite = A 24-hour (PW - Revise as required to require same composite duration as BOD<sub>6</sub>) composite unless otherwise specified. The composite shall be a combination of individual samples, taken proportional to flow, obtained at hourly or smaller time intervals. The individual samples may be of equal volume for flows that do not vary by +/- 10 percent over a 24-hour period.

(3) A specific analytical method is not specified; however a target value for each metal has been established. An appropriate method to meet the target value shall be selected from the following list of EPA methods (or any approved method presented in 40 CFR Part 136). If the test result is less than the method QL, a "<[QL]" shall be reported where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].

<u>Metal</u>	<u> Analytical Method</u>
Antimony	1638; 1639
Arsenic	206.5; 1632
Chromium <sup>(8)</sup>	1639
Cadmium	1637; 1638; 1639; 1640
Chromium VI	218.6; 1639
Соррег	1638; 1640
Lead	1637; 1638; 1640
Mercury	245.7; 1631
Nickel	1638; 1639; 1640
Selenium	1638; 1639
Silver	1638
Zinc	1638; 1639

- (4) Any approved method presented in 40 CFR Part 136.
- (5) The QL is at the discretion of the permittee. For any substances addressed in 40 CFR Part 136, the permittee shall use one of the approved methods in 40 CFR Part 136.
- (6) Testing for phenols requires continuous extraction.
- (7) Analytical Methods: NBSR 85-3295 or DEQ's approved analysis for Tributyltin may also be used [See A Manual for the Analysis of Butyltins in Environmental Systems by the Virginia Institute of Marine Science, dated November 1996].
- (8) Both Chromium III and Chromium VI may be measured by the total chromium analysis. If the result of the total chromium analysis is less than or equal to the lesser of the Chromium III or Chromium VI method QL, the results for both Chromium III and Chromium VI can be reported as "<[QL]", where the actual analytical test QL is substituted for [QL].
- (9) The lab may use SW846 Method 8270D provided the lab has an Initial Demonstration of Capability, has passed a PT for Kepone, and meets the acceptance criteria for Kepone as given in Method 8270D
- (10) The sample type for Hardness (as CaCO<sub>3</sub>) shall match the sample type selected for Dissolved Metals.

## Attachment H

MSTRANTI & STATS Analyses

## MSTRANTI DATA SOURCE REPORT

VA0029343 - The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP

Stream Information									
Mean Hardness	Not applicable to saltwater discharges								
90% Temperature (annual)	Calculated from data collected from monitoring station 3-CTR000.76								
90% Temperature (winter)	Not applicable, a winter effluent tier has not been included in the permit								
90% Maximum pH	Calculated from data collected from								
10% Maximum pH	monitoring station 3-CTR000.76								
Tier Designation	Flow Francisco Analysis								
Tidal Zone	Flow Frequency Analysis								
Mean Salinity	Calculated from data collected from monitoring station 3-CTR000.76								
Mixing In	formation								
Design Flow	Permit application, EPA Form 2A								
Wasteload Allocation Multipliers	Stream Sanitation Analysis								
Effluent Ir	nformation								
Mean Hardness	Not applicable to saltwater discharges								
90% Temperature (annual)	Best Engineering Judgment, 28°C (1)								
90% Temperature (winter)	Not applicable, a winter effluent tier has not been included in the permit								
90% Maximum pH	Calculated from data provided on								
10% Maximum pH	monthly discharge monitoring reports.								
Discharge Flow	Permit application, EPA Form 2A								

(1) During the 2005 permit reissuance the permittee reported a maximum daily summer temperature of 29.3°C on EPA Form 2A. The permittee reported a maximum daily summer temperature of 24.2°C on EPA Form 2A for the 2011 permit reissuance. Due to the disparity between these reported temperatures (especially since the effluent resides in a polishing pond for an extended period of time and no operational changes have occurred) an assumed 90<sup>th</sup> percentile effluent temperature of 28°C was utilized for wasteload allocation development based upon best engineering judgment.

## **SALTWATER AND TRANSITION ZONES** WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name: Receiving Stream: The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00) Permit No.: VA0029343

Church Prong, UT

Stream Information		Mixing Information		Effluent Information		_
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA	mg/l Design Flow (MGD)	0.0325	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA	mg/L
90th % Temperature (Annual) =	27.4	(° C) Acute WLA multiplier	16	90 % Temperature (Annual) =	28	(° C)
90th % Temperature (Winter) =	NA	(° C) Chronic WLA multiplier	16	90 % Temperature (Winter) =	NA	(° C)
90th % Maximum pH =	8	Human health WLA multiplier	16	90 % Maximum pH =	9	SU
10th % Maximum pH =	7.5			10 % Maximum pH =	8.2	SU
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	1			Discharge Flow =	0.0325	MGD
Early Life Stages Present Y/N =	Y					
Tidal Zone =	1	(1 = saltwater, 2 = transition zone)				
Mean Salinity =	15.1	(g/kg)				

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Wast	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	eline	Antideo	radation Allo	cations	Most Li	miting Alloc	ations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
Acenapthene	0			9.9E+02			1.6E+04									1.6E+04
Acrolein	0			9.3E+00			1.5E+02									1.5E+02
Acrylonitrile <sup>C</sup>	0			2.5E+00			4.0E+01									4.0E+01
Aldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E+00		5.0E-04	2.1E+01		8.0E-03							2.1E+01		8.0E-03
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Annual	0	#######	4.65E-01		4.95E+01	7.43E+00								4.95E+01	7.43E+00	
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Winter	0	#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#VALUE!	#VALUE!								#VALUE!	#VALUE!	
Anthracene	0			4.0E+04			6.4E+05									6.4E+05
Antimony	0			6.4E+02			1.0E+04									1.0E+04
Arsenic	0	6.9E+01	3.6E+01		1.1E+03	5.8E+02								1.1E+03	5.8E+02	
Benzene <sup>C</sup>	0			5.1E+02			8.2E+03									8.2E+03
Benzidine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.0E-03			3.2E-02									3.2E-02
Benzo (a) anthracene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
Benzo (b) fluoranthene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
Benzo (k) fluoranthene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
Benzo (a) pyrene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether <sup>C</sup>	0			5.3E+00			8.5E+01									8.5E+01
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0			6.5E+04			1.0E+06									1.0E+06
Bis2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate <sup>C</sup>	0			2.2E+01			3.5E+02									3.5E+02
Bromoform <sup>C</sup>	0			1.4E+03			2.2E+04									2.2E+04
Butylbenzylphthalate	0			1.9E+03			3.0E+04									3.0E+04
Cadmium	0	4.0E+01	8.8E+00		6.4E+02	1.4E+02								6.4E+02	1.4E+02	
Carbon Tetrachloride <sup>C</sup>	0			1.6E+01			2.6E+02									2.6E+02
Chlordane <sup>C</sup>	0	9.0E-02	4.0E-03	8.1E-03	1.4E+00	6.4E-02	1.3E-01							1.4E+00	6.4E-02	1.3E-01

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Wast	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	eline	Antide	gradation Allo	ocations	Most Li	imiting Alloc	cations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
TRC	0															
Chlorine Prod. Oxidant	0	1.3E+01	7.5E+00		2.1E+02	1.2E+02								2.1E+02	1.2E+02	
Chlorobenzene	0			1.6E+03			2.6E+04									2.6E+04
Chlorodibromomethane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.3E+02			2.1E+03									2.1E+03
Chloroform	0			1.1E+04			1.8E+05									1.8E+05
2-Chloronaphthalene	0			1.6E+03			2.6E+04									2.6E+04
2-Chlorophenol	0			1.5E+02			2.4E+03									2.4E+03
Chlorpyrifos	0	1.1E-02	5.6E-03		1.8E-01	9.0E-02								1.8E-01	9.0E-02	
Chromium III	0															
Chromium VI	0	1.1E+03	5.0E+01		1.8E+04	8.0E+02								1.8E+04	8.0E+02	
Chrysene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-02			2.9E-01									2.9E-01
Copper	0	9.3E+00	6.0E+00		1.5E+02	9.6E+01								1.5E+02	9.6E+01	
Cyanide, Free	0	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	1.6E+04	1.6E+01	1.6E+01	2.6E+05							1.6E+01	1.6E+01	2.6E+05
DDD <sup>C</sup>	0			3.1E-03			5.0E-02									5.0E-02
DDE <sup>C</sup>	0			2.2E-03			3.5E-02									3.5E-02
DDT <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E-01	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	2.1E+00	1.6E-02	3.5E-02							2.1E+00	1.6E-02	3.5E-02
Demeton	0		1.0E-01			1.6E+00									1.6E+00	
Diazinon	0	8.2E-01			1.3E+01	1.3E+01								1.3E+01	1.3E+01	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0			1.3E+03			2.1E+04									2.1E+04
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0			9.6E+02			1.5E+04									1.5E+04
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0			1.9E+02			3.0E+03									3.0E+03
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.8E-01			4.5E+00									4.5E+00
Dichlorobromomethane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.7E+02			2.7E+03									2.7E+03
1,2-Dichloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			3.7E+02			5.9E+03									5.9E+03
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0			7.1E+03			1.1E+05									1.1E+05
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0			1.0E+04			1.6E+05									1.6E+05
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0			2.9E+02			4.6E+03									4.6E+03
1,2-Dichloropropane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.5E+02			2.4E+03									2.4E+03
1,3-Dichloropropene <sup>C</sup>	0			2.1E+02			3.4E+03									3.4E+03
Dieldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	7.1E-01	1.9E-03	5.4E-04	1.1E+01	3.0E-02	8.6E-03							1.1E+01	3.0E-02	8.6E-03
Diethyl Phthalate	0			4.4E+04			7.0E+05									7.0E+05
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0			8.5E+02			1.4E+04									1.4E+04
Dimethyl Phthalate	0			1.1E+06			1.8E+07									1.8E+07
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0			4.5E+03			7.2E+04									7.2E+04
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0			5.3E+03			8.5E+04									8.5E+04
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0			2.8E+02			4.5E+03									4.5E+03
2,4-Dinitrotoluene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.4E+01			5.4E+02									5.4E+02
Dioxin 2,3,7,8-																
tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0			5.1E-08			8.2E-07									8.2E-07
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.0E+00			3.2E+01								<b></b>	3.2E+01
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	5.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E+03							5.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E+03

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Wast	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	seline	Antide	gradation Allo	ocations	Most Li	miting Allo	cations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
Beta-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	5.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E+03							5.4E-01	1.4E-01	1.4E+03
Alpha + Beta Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03		5.4E-01	1.4E-01								5.4E-01	1.4E-01	
Endosulfan Sulfate	0			8.9E+01			1.4E+03									1.4E+03
Endrin	0	3.7E-02	2.3E-03	6.0E-02	5.9E-01	3.7E-02	9.6E-01							5.9E-01	3.7E-02	9.6E-01
Endrin Aldehyde	0			3.0E-01			4.8E+00									4.8E+00
Ethylbenzene	0			2.1E+03			3.4E+04									3.4E+04
Fluoranthene	0			1.4E+02			2.2E+03									2.2E+03
Fluorene	0			5.3E+03			8.5E+04									8.5E+04
Guthion	0		1.0E-02			1.6E-01									1.6E-01	
Heptachlor <sup>C</sup>	0	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	7.9E-04	8.5E-01	5.8E-02	1.3E-02							8.5E-01	5.8E-02	1.3E-02
Heptachlor Epoxide <sup>C</sup>	0	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	3.9E-04	8.5E-01	5.8E-02	6.2E-03							8.5E-01	5.8E-02	6.2E-03
Hexachlorobenzene <sup>C</sup>	0			2.9E-03			4.6E-02									4.6E-02
Hexachlorobutadiene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E+02			2.9E+03									2.9E+03
Hexachlorocyclohexane																
Alpha-BHC <sup>C</sup>	0			4.9E-02			7.8E-01									7.8E-01
Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta- BHC <sup>C</sup>	0			1.7E-01			2.7E+00									2.7E+00
Hexachlorocyclohexane	U			1.76-01			2.7 = +00					<b></b>				2.7 E+00
Gamma-BHC <sup>C</sup> (Lindane)	0	1.6E-01		1.8E+00	2.6E+00		2.9E+01							2.6E+00		2.9E+01
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0			1.1E+03			1.8E+04									1.8E+04
Hexachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			3.3E+01			5.3E+02									5.3E+02
Hydrogen Sulfide	0		2.0E+00			3.2E+01									3.2E+01	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene C	0			1.8E-01			2.9E+00									2.9E+00
Isophorone <sup>C</sup>	0			9.6E+03			1.5E+05									1.5E+05
Kepone	0		0.0E+00			0.0E+00									0.0E+00	
Lead	0	2.4E+02	9.3E+00		3.8E+03	1.5E+02								3.8E+03	1.5E+02	
Malathion	0		1.0E-01			1.6E+00									1.6E+00	
Mercury	0	1.8E+00	9.4E-01		2.9E+01	1.5E+01								2.9E+01	1.5E+01	
Methyl Bromide	0			1.5E+03			2.4E+04									2.4E+04
Methylene Chloride <sup>C</sup>	0			5.9E+03			9.4E+04									9.4E+04
Methoxychlor	0		3.0E-02			4.8E-01									4.8E-01	
Mirex	0		0.0E+00			0.0E+00									0.0E+00	
Nickel	0	7.4E+01	8.2E+00	4.6E+03	1.2E+03	1.3E+02	7.4E+04							1.2E+03	1.3E+02	7.4E+04
Nitrobenzene	0			6.9E+02			1.1E+04									1.1E+04
N-Nitrosodimethylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			3.0E+01			4.8E+02									4.8E+02
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			6.0E+01			9.6E+02									9.6E+02
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			5.1E+00			8.2E+01									8.2E+01
Nonylphenol	0	7.0E+00	1.7E+00		1.1E+02	2.7E+01								1.1E+02	2.7E+01	
Parathion	0															-
PCB Total <sup>C</sup>	0		3.0E-02	6.4E-04		4.8E-01	1.0E-02								4.8E-01	1.0E-02
Pentachlorophenol <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E+01	7.9E+00	3.0E+01	2.1E+02	1.3E+02	4.8E+02							2.1E+02	1.3E+02	4.8E+02

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	Criteria	Wast	eload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	eline	Antideo	radation Alle	ocations	Most Limiting Allocations		
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
Phenol	0			8.6E+05			1.4E+07									1.4E+07
Phosphorus (Elemental)	0		1.0E-01			1.6E+00									1.6E+00	
Pyrene	0			4.0E+03			6.4E+04									6.4E+04
Radionuclides Beta and Photon Activity	0															
(mrem/yr)	0			4.0E+00			6.4E+01									6.4E+01
Selenium	0	2.9E+02	7.1E+01	4.2E+03	4.6E+03	1.1E+03	6.7E+04							4.6E+03	1.1E+03	6.7E+04
Silver	0	1.9E+00			3.0E+01									3.0E+01		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			4.0E+01			6.4E+02									6.4E+02
Tetrachloroethylene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.3E+01			5.3E+02									5.3E+02
Thallium	0			4.7E-01			7.5E+00									7.5E+00
Toluene	0			6.0E+03			9.6E+04									9.6E+04
Toxaphene <sup>C</sup>	0	2.1E-01	2.0E-04	2.8E-03	3.4E+00	3.2E-03	4.5E-02							3.4E+00	3.2E-03	4.5E-02
Tributyltin	0	4.2E-01	7.4E-03		6.7E+00	1.2E-01								6.7E+00	1.2E-01	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0			7.0E+01			1.1E+03									1.1E+03
1,1,2-Trichloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.6E+02			2.6E+03									2.6E+03
Trichloroethylene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.0E+02			4.8E+03									4.8E+03
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol <sup>C</sup>	0			2.4E+01			3.8E+02									3.8E+02
Vinyl Chloride <sup>C</sup>	0			2.4E+01			3.8E+02									3.8E+02
Zinc	0	9.0E+01	8.1E+01	2.6E+04	1.4E+03	1.3E+03	4.2E+05							1.4E+03	1.3E+03	4.2E+05

#### Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. For transition zone waters, spreadsheet prints the lesser of the freshwater and saltwater water quality criteria.
- 6. Regular WLA = (WQC x WLA multiplier) (WLA multiplier 1)(background conc.)
- $7. \ \, \text{Antideg. Baseline} = (0.25 (\text{WQC background conc.}) + \text{background conc.}) \, \text{for acute and chronic}$

= (0.1(WQC - background conc.) + background conc.) for human health

8. Antideg. WLA = (Antideg. Baseline)(WLA multiplier) - (WLA multiplier - 1)(background conc.)

	Site Specific
<u>Metal</u>	Target Value (SSTV)
Antimony	1.0E+04
Arsenic III	3.5E+02
Cadmium	8.4E+01
Chromium III	#VALUE!
Chromium VI	4.8E+02
Copper	5.8E+01
Lead	8.9E+01
Mercury	9.0E+00
Nickel	7.9E+01
Selenium	6.8E+02
Silver	1.2E+01
Zinc	5.8E+02

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

#### 10/25/2011 10: 03: 22 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Ammonia as Nitrogen Chronic averaging period = 30 WLAa = 49.5 mg/L WLAc = 7.43 mg/L Q. L. = 0.20 mg/L # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1 Summary of Statistics:
```

```
A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity Maximum Daily Limit = 14.9912887940832 mg/L Average Weekly limit = 14.9912887940832 mg/L Average Monthly LImit = 14.9912887940832 mg/L
```

#### The data are:

#### 9.0 mg/L

In accordance with GM 00-2011, the acute and chronic wasteload allocations from MSTRANTI were entered into STATS along with one datum of 9.0 mg/L in order to force a limit. The Ammonia (as N) limits above are less stringent than those contained in the 2005 permit. As a result, the 2005 permit limits have been carried forward in order to avoid backsliding.

#### 10/25/2011 10:04:27 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Dissolved Arsenic Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 1100 ug/L WLAc = 580 ug/L Q. L. = 0.1 ug/L # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
```

## Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 3
Variance = 3.24
C. V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 7.30025
97th percentile 4 day average = 4.99137
97th percentile 30 day average = 3.61815
# < Q. L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data</pre>
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

3 ug/L

#### 10/25/2011 10:05:26 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Dissolved Copper Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 150 ug/L WLAc = 96 ug/L Q.L. = 0.1 ug/L # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
```

## Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 8.1
Variance = 23.6196
C. V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 19.7106
97th percentile 4 day average = 13.4767
97th percentile 30 day average = 9.76903
# < Q. L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data</pre>
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

8. 1 ug/L

#### 10/25/2011 10:07:00 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Chlorine Produced Oxidant -> Effluent TRC Limits
Chronic averaging period =
          = 210
WLAa
                         ug/L
                         ug/L
WLAc
          = 120
                         u\bar{g}/L
Q. L.
          = 0.1
# samples/mo. = 30
# samples/wk. = 7
Summary of Statistics:
\# observations = 1
Expected Value = 20000
                   = 1440000
Vari ance
C. V.
                   = 0.6
```

97th percentile daily values = 48668.397th percentile 4 day average = 33275.897th percentile 30 day average = 24121.0# < Q. L. = 0 Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity Maximum Daily Limit = 175.508974086388 Average Weekly limit = 107.184595324212 Average Monthly LImit = 86.9859620059178

The data are:

20000 ug/L

In accordance with GM 00-2011, the acute and chronic wasteload allocations from MSTRANTI were entered into STATS along with one datum of 20000 ug/L (20 mg/L) in order to force a limit. The CPO limits above are less stringent than those contained in the 2005 permit. As a result, the 2005 permit limits have been carried forward in order to avoid backsliding.

As indicated in GM 10-2003, the CPO in-stream saltwater limits are met by applying Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limits to the facility's effluent.

#### 10/25/2011 10:09:01 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Dissolved Nickel Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 1200 ug/L WLAc = 130 ug/L Q.L. = 0.1 ug/L # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
```

## Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 1.2
Variance = .5184
C. V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 2.92010
97th percentile 4 day average = 1.99654
97th percentile 30 day average = 1.44726
# < Q. L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data</pre>
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

1. 2 ug/L

#### 10/25/2011 10: 10: 03 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.0325 Facility Chemical = Dissolved Zinc Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 1400 ug/L WLAc = 1300 ug/L Q.L. = 0.1 ug/L # samples/mo. = 1 # samples/wk. = 1
```

## Summary of Statistics:

```
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 11
Variance = 43.56
C. V. = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 26.7675
97th percentile 4 day average = 18.3016
97th percentile 30 day average = 13.2665
# < Q. L. = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data</pre>
```

No Limit is required for this material

The data are:

11 ug/L

# SALTWATER AND TRANSITION ZONES WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name: The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP Permit No.: VA0029343 Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Receiving Stream: Church Prong, UT

Stream Information		Mixing Information		Effluent Information		_
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA	mg/l Design Flow (MGD)	0.1	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA	mg/L
90th % Temperature (Annual) =	27.4	(°C) Acute WLA multiplier	1	90 % Temperature (Annual) =	28	(°C)
90th % Temperature (Winter) =	NA	(° C) Chronic WLA multiplier	1	90 % Temperature (Winter) =	NA	(°C)
90th % Maximum pH =	8	Human health WLA multiplier	1	90 % Maximum pH =	9	SU
10th % Maximum pH =	7.5			10 % Maximum pH =	8.2	SU
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	2			Discharge Flow =	0.1	MGD
Early Life Stages Present Y/N =	Υ					
Tidal Zone =	1	(1 = saltwater, 2 = transition zone)				
Mean Salinity =	15.1	(g/kg)				

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Wast	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Ba	seline	Antideg	radation All	ocations	Most Li	imiting Alloc	ations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	HH	Acute	Chronic	НН
Acenapthene	0			9.9E+02			9.9E+02			9.9E+01			9.9E+01			9.9E+01
Acrolein	0			9.3E+00			9.3E+00			9.3E-01			9.3E-01			9.3E-01
Acrylonitrile <sup>C</sup>	0			2.5E+00			2.5E+00			2.5E-01			2.5E-01			2.5E-01
Aldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E+00		5.0E-04	1.3E+00		5.0E-04	3.3E-01		5.0E-05	3.3E-01		5.0E-05	3.3E-01		5.0E-05
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Annual	0	4.61E-01	6.92E-02		4.61E-01	6.92E-02		1.15E-01	1.73E-02		1.15E-01	1.73E-02		1.15E-01	1.73E-02	
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Winter	0	#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#VALUE!	#VALUE!	
Anthracene	0			4.0E+04			4.0E+04			4.0E+03			4.0E+03			4.0E+03
Antimony	0			6.4E+02			6.4E+02			6.4E+01			6.4E+01			6.4E+01
Arsenic	0	6.9E+01	3.6E+01		6.9E+01	3.6E+01		1.7E+01	9.0E+00		1.7E+01	9.0E+00		1.7E+01	9.0E+00	
Benzene <sup>C</sup>	0			5.1E+02			5.1E+02			5.1E+01			5.1E+01			5.1E+01
Benzidine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.0E-03			2.0E-03			2.0E-04			2.0E-04			2.0E-04
Benzo (a) anthracene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-02
Benzo (b) fluoranthene C	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-02
Benzo (k) fluoranthene C	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-02
Benzo (a) pyrene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-02
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether <sup>C</sup>	0			5.3E+00			5.3E+00			5.3E-01			5.3E-01			5.3E-01
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether	0			6.5E+04			6.5E+04			6.5E+03			6.5E+03			6.5E+03
Bis2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate <sup>C</sup>	0			2.2E+01			2.2E+01			2.2E+00			2.2E+00			2.2E+00
Bromoform <sup>C</sup>	0			1.4E+03			1.4E+03			1.4E+02			1.4E+02			1.4E+02
Butylbenzylphthalate	0			1.9E+03			1.9E+03			1.9E+02			1.9E+02			1.9E+02
Cadmium	0	4.0E+01	8.8E+00		4.0E+01	8.8E+00		1.0E+01	2.2E+00		1.0E+01	2.2E+00		1.0E+01	2.2E+00	
Carbon Tetrachloride <sup>C</sup>	0			1.6E+01			1.6E+01			1.6E+00			1.6E+00			1.6E+00
Chlordane <sup>C</sup>	0	9.0E-02	4.0E-03	8.1E-03	9.0E-02	4.0E-03	8.1E-03	2.3E-02	1.0E-03	8.1E-04	2.3E-02	1.0E-03	8.1E-04	2.3E-02	1.0E-03	8.1E-04

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Was	teload Alloca	ations	Antideç	gradation Ba	seline	Antideg	radation All	ocations	Most Li	imiting Alloc	cations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	H	Acute	Chronic	НН
TRC	0															-
Chlorine Prod. Oxidant	0	1.3E+01	7.5E+00		1.3E+01	7.5E+00		3.3E+00	1.9E+00		3.3E+00	1.9E+00		3.3E+00	1.9E+00	
Chlorobenzene	0			1.6E+03			1.6E+03			1.6E+02			1.6E+02			1.6E+02
Chlorodibromomethane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.3E+02			1.3E+02			1.3E+01			1.3E+01			1.3E+01
Chloroform	0			1.1E+04			1.1E+04			1.1E+03			1.1E+03			1.1E+03
2-Chloronaphthalene	0			1.6E+03			1.6E+03			1.6E+02			1.6E+02			1.6E+02
2-Chlorophenol	0			1.5E+02			1.5E+02			1.5E+01			1.5E+01	-		1.5E+01
Chlorpyrifos	0	1.1E-02	5.6E-03		1.1E-02	5.6E-03		2.8E-03	1.4E-03		2.8E-03	1.4E-03		2.8E-03	1.4E-03	-
Chromium III	0															-
Chromium VI	0	1.1E+03	5.0E+01		1.1E+03	5.0E+01		2.8E+02	1.3E+01		2.8E+02	1.3E+01		2.8E+02	1.3E+01	-
Chrysene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-03			1.8E-03			1.8E-03
Copper	0	9.3E+00	6.0E+00		9.3E+00	6.0E+00		2.3E+00	1.5E+00		2.3E+00	1.5E+00		2.3E+00	1.5E+00	-
Cyanide, Free	0	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	1.6E+04	1.0E+00	1.0E+00	1.6E+04	2.5E-01	2.5E-01	1.6E+03	2.5E-01	2.5E-01	1.6E+03	2.5E-01	2.5E-01	1.6E+03
DDD <sup>C</sup>	0			3.1E-03			3.1E-03			3.1E-04			3.1E-04			3.1E-04
DDE <sup>C</sup>	0			2.2E-03			2.2E-03			2.2E-04			2.2E-04			2.2E-04
DDT <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E-01	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	1.3E-01	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	3.3E-02	2.5E-04	2.2E-04	3.3E-02	2.5E-04	2.2E-04	3.3E-02	2.5E-04	2.2E-04
Demeton	0		1.0E-01			1.0E-01			2.5E-02			2.5E-02		-	2.5E-02	-
Diazinon	0	8.2E-01	8.2E-01		8.2E-01	8.2E-01		2.1E-01	2.1E-01		2.1E-01	2.1E-01		2.1E-01	2.1E-01	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02			1.8E-02
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0			1.3E+03			1.3E+03			1.3E+02			1.3E+02			1.3E+02
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0			9.6E+02			9.6E+02			9.6E+01			9.6E+01			9.6E+01
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0			1.9E+02			1.9E+02			1.9E+01			1.9E+01			1.9E+01
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.8E-01			2.8E-01			2.8E-02			2.8E-02			2.8E-02
Dichlorobromomethane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.7E+02			1.7E+02			1.7E+01			1.7E+01			1.7E+01
1,2-Dichloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			3.7E+02			3.7E+02			3.7E+01			3.7E+01			3.7E+01
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0			7.1E+03			7.1E+03			7.1E+02			7.1E+02			7.1E+02
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0			1.0E+04			1.0E+04			1.0E+03			1.0E+03			1.0E+03
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0			2.9E+02			2.9E+02			2.9E+01			2.9E+01			2.9E+01
1,2-Dichloropropane <sup>C</sup>	0			1.5E+02			1.5E+02			1.5E+01			1.5E+01			1.5E+01
1,3-Dichloropropene <sup>C</sup>	0			2.1E+02			2.1E+02			2.1E+01			2.1E+01			2.1E+01
Dieldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	7.1E-01	1.9E-03	5.4E-04	7.1E-01	1.9E-03	5.4E-04	1.8E-01	4.8E-04	5.4E-05	1.8E-01	4.8E-04	5.4E-05	1.8E-01	4.8E-04	5.4E-05
Diethyl Phthalate	0			4.4E+04			4.4E+04			4.4E+03			4.4E+03			4.4E+03
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0			8.5E+02			8.5E+02			8.5E+01			8.5E+01			8.5E+01
Dimethyl Phthalate	0			1.1E+06			1.1E+06			1.1E+05			1.1E+05			1.1E+05
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0			4.5E+03			4.5E+03			4.5E+02			4.5E+02			4.5E+02
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0			5.3E+03			5.3E+03			5.3E+02			5.3E+02			5.3E+02
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0			2.8E+02			2.8E+02			2.8E+01			2.8E+01			2.8E+01
2,4-Dinitrotoluene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.4E+01			3.4E+01			3.4E+00			3.4E+00			3.4E+00
Dioxin 2,3,7,8- tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin	0			5.1E-08			5.1E-08			5.1E-09			5.1E-09			5.1E-09
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine <sup>C</sup>	0			2.0E+00			2.0E+00			2.0E-01			2.0E-01			2.0E-01
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	8.5E-03	2.2E-03		8.5E-03	2.2E-03	8.9E+00	8.5E-03	2.2E-03	8.9E+00
Aipila-Liiuusullali	U	J.4E-UZ	0.7 = 03	0.36+01	J.4E-UZ	0.7 = 03	0.96+01	0.02-03	Z.ZE-U3	0.5⊏+00	0.55-03	2.26-03	0.96+00	0.55-03	Z.ZE-U3	0.36+00

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	riteria	Wast	eload Alloca	ations	Antideo	gradation Ba	seline	Antideg	radation All	locations	Most Li	miting Alloc	ations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
Beta-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	8.9E+01	8.5E-03	2.2E-03	8.9E+00	8.5E-03	2.2E-03	8.9E+00	8.5E-03	2.2E-03	8.9E+00
Alpha + Beta Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03		3.4E-02	8.7E-03		8.5E-03	2.2E-03		8.5E-03	2.2E-03		8.5E-03	2.2E-03	
Endosulfan Sulfate	0			8.9E+01			8.9E+01			8.9E+00			8.9E+00			8.9E+00
Endrin	0	3.7E-02	2.3E-03	6.0E-02	3.7E-02	2.3E-03	6.0E-02	9.3E-03	5.8E-04	6.0E-03	9.3E-03	5.8E-04	6.0E-03	9.3E-03	5.8E-04	6.0E-03
Endrin Aldehyde	0			3.0E-01			3.0E-01			3.0E-02			3.0E-02			3.0E-02
Ethylbenzene	0			2.1E+03			2.1E+03			2.1E+02			2.1E+02			2.1E+02
Fluoranthene	0			1.4E+02			1.4E+02			1.4E+01			1.4E+01	-		1.4E+01
Fluorene	0			5.3E+03			5.3E+03			5.3E+02			5.3E+02			5.3E+02
Guthion	0		1.0E-02			1.0E-02			2.5E-03			2.5E-03			2.5E-03	
Heptachlor <sup>C</sup>	0	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	7.9E-04	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	7.9E-04	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	7.9E-05	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	7.9E-05	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	7.9E-05
Heptachlor Epoxide <sup>C</sup>	0	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	3.9E-04	5.3E-02	3.6E-03	3.9E-04	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	3.9E-05	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	3.9E-05	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	3.9E-05
Hexachlorobenzene <sup>C</sup>	0			2.9E-03			2.9E-03			2.9E-04			2.9E-04			2.9E-04
Hexachlorobutadiene <sup>C</sup>	0			1.8E+02			1.8E+02			1.8E+01			1.8E+01			1.8E+01
Hexachlorocyclohexane																
Alpha-BHC <sup>C</sup>	0			4.9E-02			4.9E-02			4.9E-03			4.9E-03	-	-	4.9E-03
Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta- BHC <sup>C</sup>	0			1.7E-01			1.7E-01			1.7E-02			1.7E-02	_		1.7E-02
Hexachlorocyclohexane				1.7 = 01			1.7 = 01			1.76-02			1.7 L-02			1.7 L-02
Gamma-BHC <sup>C</sup> (Lindane)	0	1.6E-01		1.8E+00	1.6E-01		1.8E+00	4.0E-02		1.8E-01	4.0E-02		1.8E-01	4.0E-02		1.8E-01
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0			1.1E+03			1.1E+03			1.1E+02			1.1E+02			1.1E+02
Hexachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			3.3E+01			3.3E+01			3.3E+00			3.3E+00			3.3E+00
Hydrogen Sulfide	0		2.0E+00			2.0E+00			5.0E-01			5.0E-01			5.0E-01	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene C	0			1.8E-01			1.8E-01			1.8E-02			1.8E-02	-	-	1.8E-02
Isophorone <sup>C</sup>	0			9.6E+03			9.6E+03			9.6E+02			9.6E+02			9.6E+02
Kepone	0		0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00	-
Lead	0	2.4E+02	9.3E+00		2.4E+02	9.3E+00		6.0E+01	2.3E+00		6.0E+01	2.3E+00		6.0E+01	2.3E+00	-
Malathion	0		1.0E-01			1.0E-01			2.5E-02			2.5E-02			2.5E-02	
Mercury	0	1.8E+00	9.4E-01		1.8E+00	9.4E-01		4.5E-01	2.4E-01		4.5E-01	2.4E-01		4.5E-01	2.4E-01	
Methyl Bromide	0			1.5E+03			1.5E+03			1.5E+02			1.5E+02			1.5E+02
Methylene Chloride <sup>C</sup>	0			5.9E+03			5.9E+03			5.9E+02			5.9E+02			5.9E+02
Methoxychlor	0		3.0E-02			3.0E-02			7.5E-03			7.5E-03			7.5E-03	-
Mirex	0		0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00			0.0E+00	-
Nickel	0	7.4E+01	8.2E+00	4.6E+03	7.4E+01	8.2E+00	4.6E+03	1.9E+01	2.1E+00	4.6E+02	1.9E+01	2.1E+00	4.6E+02	1.9E+01	2.1E+00	4.6E+02
Nitrobenzene	0			6.9E+02			6.9E+02			6.9E+01			6.9E+01			6.9E+01
N-Nitrosodimethylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			3.0E+01			3.0E+01			3.0E+00			3.0E+00	-	-	3.0E+00
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			6.0E+01			6.0E+01			6.0E+00			6.0E+00	-		6.0E+00
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			5.1E+00			5.1E+00			5.1E-01			5.1E-01	-		5.1E-01
Nonylphenol	0	7.0E+00	1.7E+00		7.0E+00	1.7E+00		1.8E+00	4.3E-01		1.8E+00	4.3E-01		1.8E+00	4.3E-01	-
Parathion	0															-
PCB Total <sup>C</sup>	0		3.0E-02	6.4E-04		3.0E-02	6.4E-04		7.5E-03	6.4E-05		7.5E-03	6.4E-05		7.5E-03	6.4E-05
Pentachlorophenol <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E+01	7.9E+00	3.0E+01	1.3E+01	7.9E+00	3.0E+01	3.3E+00	2.0E+00	3.0E+00	3.3E+00	2.0E+00	3.0E+00	3.3E+00	2.0E+00	3.0E+00

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality C	Criteria	Wast	eload Alloca	ations	Antideo	gradation Ba	seline	Antideg	radation All	ocations	Most L	imiting Allo	cations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН
Phenol	0			8.6E+05			8.6E+05			8.6E+04			8.6E+04			8.6E+04
Phosphorus (Elemental)	0		1.0E-01			1.0E-01			2.5E-02			2.5E-02			2.5E-02	
Pyrene	0			4.0E+03			4.0E+03			4.0E+02			4.0E+02			4.0E+02
Radionuclides Beta and Photon Activity	0															
(mrem/yr)	0			4.0E+00			4.0E+00			4.0E-01			4.0E-01			4.0E-01
Selenium	0	2.9E+02	7.1E+01	4.2E+03	2.9E+02	7.1E+01	4.2E+03	7.3E+01	1.8E+01	4.2E+02	7.3E+01	1.8E+01	4.2E+02	7.3E+01	1.8E+01	4.2E+02
Silver	0	1.9E+00			1.9E+00			4.8E-01			4.8E-01			4.8E-01		-
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0			4.0E+01			4.0E+01			4.0E+00			4.0E+00			4.0E+00
Tetrachloroethylene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.3E+01			3.3E+01			3.3E+00			3.3E+00			3.3E+00
Thallium	0			4.7E-01			4.7E-01			4.7E-02			4.7E-02			4.7E-02
Toluene	0			6.0E+03			6.0E+03			6.0E+02			6.0E+02			6.0E+02
Toxaphene <sup>C</sup>	0	2.1E-01	2.0E-04	2.8E-03	2.1E-01	2.0E-04	2.8E-03	5.3E-02	5.0E-05	2.8E-04	5.3E-02	5.0E-05	2.8E-04	5.3E-02	5.0E-05	2.8E-04
Tributyltin	0	4.2E-01	7.4E-03		4.2E-01	7.4E-03		1.1E-01	1.9E-03		1.1E-01	1.9E-03		1.1E-01	1.9E-03	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0			7.0E+01			7.0E+01			7.0E+00			7.0E+00			7.0E+00
1,1,2-Trichloroethane <sup>C</sup>				1.6E+02			1.6E+02			1.6E+01			1.6E+01			1.6E+01
Trichloroethylene <sup>C</sup>	0			3.0E+02			3.0E+02			3.0E+01			3.0E+01			3.0E+01
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol <sup>C</sup>	0			2.4E+01			2.4E+01			2.4E+00			2.4E+00			2.4E+00
Vinyl Chloride <sup>C</sup>	0			2.4E+01			2.4E+01			2.4E+00			2.4E+00			2.4E+00
Zinc	0	9.0E+01	8.1E+01	2.6E+04	9.0E+01	8.1E+01	2.6E+04	2.3E+01	2.0E+01	2.6E+03	2.3E+01	2.0E+01	2.6E+03	2.3E+01	2.0E+01	2.6E+03

#### Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. For transition zone waters, spreadsheet prints the lesser of the freshwater and saltwater water quality criteria.
- 6. Regular WLA = (WQC x WLA multiplier) (WLA multiplier 1)(background conc.)
- 7. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic

= (0.1(WQC - background conc.) + background conc.) for human health

8. Antideg. WLA = (Antideg. Baseline)(WLA multiplier) - (WLA multiplier - 1)(background conc.)

	Site Specific	
<u>Metal</u>	Target Value (SSTV)	
Antimony	6.4E+01	
Arsenic III	5.4E+00	
Cadmium	1.3E+00	
Chromium III	#VALUE!	
Chromium VI	7.5E+00	
Copper	9.0E-01	
Lead	1.4E+00	
Mercury	1.4E-01	
Nickel	1.2E+00	
Selenium	1.1E+01	
Silver	1.9E-01	
Zinc	9.0E+00	

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

#### 8/23/2011 8: 19: 49 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.100 MGD Facility Chemical = Ammonia as Nitrogen Chronic averaging period = 30 WLAa = 0.115 mg/L WLAc = 0.0173 mg/L Q.L. = 0.2 mg/L # samples/mo. = 4 # samples/wk. = 1
```

## Summary of Statistics:

```
A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity Maximum Daily Limit = 3.49056926161022E-02 mg/L Average Weekly limit = 3.49056926161022E-02 mg/L Average Monthly LImit = 2.38659198809432E-02 mg/L
```

#### The data are:

9.0 mg/L

In accordance with GM 00-2011, the acute and chronic wasteload allocations from MSTRANTI were entered into STATS along with one datum of 9.0 mg/L in order to force a limit.

#### 8/23/2011 8: 25: 45 AM

```
Facility = The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP - 0.100 MGD Facility Chemical = Chlorine Produced Oxidant (CPO) -> Effluent TRC Limits Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 3.3 ug/L WLAc = 1.9 ug/L Q. L. = 0.1 ug/L 0.1 ug/L 0.1 samples/mo. = 0.1 ug/L 0.1 samples/wk. = 0.1 ug/L
```

## Summary of Statistics:

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity Maximum Daily Limit = 2.77889208970114 ug/L Average Weekly limit = 1.44699904010998 ug/L Average Monthly LImit = 1.27782537796093 ug/L

The data are:

20000 ug/L

In accordance with GM 00-2011, the acute and chronic wasteload allocations from MSTRANTI were entered into STATS along with one datum of 20000 ug/L (20 mg/L) in order to force a limit. These limits have been relocated to Part I.B. 2. a of the permit. See fact sheet for additional information.

As indicated in GM 10-2003, the CPO in-stream saltwater limits are met by applying Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) limits to the facility's effluent.

# SALTWATER AND TRANSITION ZONES WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name:

Mean Salinity =

Tides Utilities North (formerly Tides Lodge) ermit No.: VA0029343

16.6 (g/kg)

Receiving Stream: Carter's Creek

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information		Mixing Information		Effluent Information		
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA mg/l	Design Flow (MGD)	0.0325	Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) =	NA	mg/L
90th % Temperature (Annual) =	29.03 (°C)	Acute WLA multiplier	32	90 % Temperature (Annual) =	29.3	(° C)
90th % Temperature (Winter) =	NA-no tierir(° C)	Chronic WLA multiplier	32	90 % Temperature (Winter) =N		
90th % Maximum pH =	9	Human health WLA multiplier	32	90 % Maximum pH =	8.79	SU
10th % Maximum pH =	7.55	' '	•	10 % Maximum pH =	NA	SU
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	2			Discharge Flow =	0.0325	
Early Life Stages Present Y/N =	Y			Discharge Flow 2	0.0325	MGD
Tidal Zone =	1 (1 = saltwater, 2 =	transition zone)				

Parameter	Background	Wat	er Quality	Criteria	Was	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	seline	Antideo	gradation All	locations	Most L	imiting Allo	cations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	Тин	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	нн
Acenapthene	0		**	2.7E+03	~-	***	8.6E+04	ļ	******************************	2.7E+02	<del> </del>		8.6E+03			8.6E+03
Acrolein				7.8E+02		***	2.5E+04		***	7.8E+01		***	2,5€+03			
Acrylonitrile <sup>c</sup>			**	6.6E+00		***	2.1E+02		***	6.6E-01			2.1E+01		**	2.5E+03
Aldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	1.3E+00		1.4E-03	4.2E+01		4.5E-02	3.3E-01	**	1.4E-04					**	2.1E+01
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Annual	0	4.7E-01	7.1E-02	***	1.5E+01	2.3E+00	4.56-02	1.2E-01	1.8E-02	1.46-04	3.8E+00	5.7E-01	4.5E-03	1.0E+01		4.5E-03
Ammonia-N (mg/l) - Winter	0	  #######	######	<del></del>	#VALUE!	#VALUE!	in the	#VALUE!	#VALUE!		#######	#VALUE!		3.8E+00	5.7E-01	
Anthracene	0			1.1E+05	-	***	3.5E+06		#*/\LOC:	1.1E+04			3.5E+05			
Antimony	0	-	-~	4.3E+03		**	1.4E+05		**	4.3E+02	1	***				3.5E+05
Arsenic	0	6.9E+01	3.6E+01	***	2.2E+03	1.2E+03	1,72,100	1.7E+01			l		1.4E+04		**	1.4E+04
Benzene <sup>C</sup>	0			7.1E+02	2.22.00	1.21.100			9.0€+00		5.5E+02	2,9E+02		5.5E+02	2.9E+02	
Benzidine <sup>6</sup>		_	***	5.4E-03	-		2.3E+04			7.1E+01	-		2.3E+03		**	2.3E+03
Benzo (a) anthracene c	0		••	4.9E-01		**	1.7E-01			5.4E-04	-	~~	1.7E-02			1.7E-02
Benzo (b) fluoranthene <sup>C</sup>	o			4.9E-01		***	1.6E+01	-		4.9E-02	-		1.6E+00			1.6E+00
Benzo (k) fluoranthene <sup>C</sup>	o	ļ					1.6E+01		***	4.9E-02			1.6E+00			1.6E+00
Benzo (a) pyrene <sup>c</sup>	0			4.9E-01			1.6E+01		••	4.9E-02			1.6E+00			1.6E+00
Bis2-Chloroethyl Ether	U	_		4.9E-01			1.6E+01			4.9E-02			1.6E+00		•~	1.6E+00
Bis2-Chloroisopropyl Ether				1.4E+01		***	4.5E+02			1.4E+00		Mark	4.5E+01		***	4.5E+01
Bromoform <sup>C</sup>			No Ma	1.7E+05		win	5.4E+06			1.7E+04			5.4E+05	***	**	5.4E+05
	0			3.6E+03	-4-2	***	1.2E+05		**	3.6E+02			1.2E+04			1.2E+04
Butylbenzylphthalate	0	-	***	5.2E+03	**		1.7E+05		***	5.2E+02		***	1.7E+04		**	1.7E+04
Cadmium	0	4.0E+01	8.85+00		1.3E+03	2.8E+02		1.0E+01	2.2E+00	***	3.2E+02	7.0E+01	**	3.2E+02	7.0E+01	
Carbon Tetrachloride <sup>C</sup>	0		***	4.4E+01		et can	1.4E+03			4.4E+00			1.4E+02			1.4E+02
Chlordane <sup>c</sup>	0	9.0E-02	4.0E-03	2.2E-02	2.9E+00	1.3E-01	7.0E-01	2.3E-02	1.0E-03	2.2E-03	7.2E-01	3.2E-02	7.0E-02	7.2E-01	3.2E-02	7.0E-02
TRC	0								- "				7.0m-02	1.26-01	0.46-48	
Chlorine Prod. Oxidant	0	1.3E+01	7.5E+00	u	4,2E+02	2.4E+02	**	3.3E+00	1.9E+00		1.0E+02	E 0E+04	***	1.0E+02	6.0E+01	 

Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality (	Criteria	Was	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Ba	seline	Antideo	gradation Al	locations	Most L	imiting Allo	ocations
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	нн	Acute	Chronic	НН
Chlorobenzene			~=	2.1E+04		**	6.7E+05		h-a	2.1E+03	l		6.7E+04			6.7E+04
Chlorodibromomethane <sup>C</sup>	0			3.4E+02		***	1.1E+04			3.4E+01			1.1E+03		**	1.1E+03
Chloroform <sup>C</sup>	0	-		2.9E+04			9.3E+05		***	2.9E+03		**	9.3E+04			
2-Chloronaphthalene	0		**	4.3E+03		**	1.4E+05			4.3E+02			1.4E+04		**	9.3E+04
2-Chlorophenol	0			4.0E+02			1.3E+04			4.0E+01						1.4E+04
Chlorpyrifos	0	1.1E-02	5.6E-03		3.5E-01	1.8E-01	***	2.8E-03	1.4E-03		8.8E-02		1.3E+03			1.3E+03
Chromium III	O			**		(	46	2.02.00	1,41,-00	**	0.06-02	4.5E-02	***	8.8E-02	4.5E-02	**
Chromium VI	a	1.1E+03	5.0E+01		3.5E+04	1.6E+03	**	2.8E+02	1.3E+01		8.8E+03	- 4.0E+02			**	***
Chrysene <sup>C</sup>	0			4.9E-01			1.6E+01	2.02.02	1.36401	4.9E-02			4.05.00	8.8E+03	4.0E+02	
Capper	0	9.3E+00	6.0E+00	***	3.0E+02	1.9E+02		2.3E+00	1.5E+00		7.45.04	4.05.04	1.6E+00			1.6E+0
Syanide	0	Į.	1.0E+00	2.2E+05	3.2E+01	3.2E+01	6.9E+06	1		~~	7.4E+01	4.8E+01		7.4E+01	4.8E+01	*-
DDD <sup>c</sup>	0			8.4E-03				2.5E-01	2.5E-01	2.2E+04	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	6.9E+05	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	6.9E+05
DDE c	0			5.9E-03	~~		2.7E-01		***	8.4E-04			2.7E-02		**	2.7E-02
<sup>р</sup> тас	0	1.3E-01	1.0E-03	5.9E-03	4.2E+00	2 25 02	1.9E-01			5.9E-04		~-	1.9E-02			1.9E-02
Demeton	a	1.56-01	1.0E-01			3.2E-02	1.9E-01	3.3E-02	2.5E-04	5,9E-04	1.0E+00	8.0E-03	1.9E-02	1,0E+00	8.0E-03	1.9E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene C	0					3.2E+00	***		2.5E-02	**		8.0E-01			8.0E-01	***
Dibutyl phthalate			**	4.9E-01	***	****	1.6E+01			4.9E-02		***	1.6E+00	** .		1.6E+0
Dichloromethane (Methylene	0			1.2E+04			3.8E+05		**	1.2E+03			3.8E+04		•-	3.8E+0
Chloride) <sup>c</sup>	0		***	1.6E+04		****	5.1E+05			1.05.00			F 4 PF . A -			
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0			1.7E+04			5.4E+05			1.6E+03			5.1E+04			5.1E+0
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0		**	2.6E+03			8.3E+04	]	**	1.7E+03			5.4E+04		**	5.4E+0
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0		****	2.6E+03						2.6E+02		F.78	8.3E+03			8.3E+0
3.3-Dichlorobenzidine <sup>C</sup>	0		over.	7.7E-01			8.3E+04	•••	-	2.6E+02		_	8.3E+03		**	8.3E+0
Dichforobromomethane <sup>©</sup>	0		N-4v	4.6E+02		***	2.5E+01	. **	**	7.7E-02		**	2.5E+00			
1,2-Dichloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0		er.	9.9E+02			1.5E+04	1630	•••	4.6E+01	4-54		1.5E+03		**	1.5E+0
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0	***		1.7E+04		pres.	3.2E+04			9.9E+01			3.2E+03		**	3.2E+0
1.2-trans-dichloroethylene	0		***	1.4E+05			5.4E+05		AW.	1.7E+03			5.4E+04			5.4E+0
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0		***				4.5E+06			1.4E+04			4.5E+05			4.5E+0
,2-Dichloropropane <sup>C</sup>	0			7.9E+02			2.5E+04	-		7.9E+01			2,5E+03		~~	2.5E+0
1,3-Dichloropropene	0		****	3.9E+02			1.2E+04			3.9E+01			1.2E+03		•-	1.2E+0
Dieldrin <sup>C</sup>	0	7.45.04		1.7E+03			5.4E+04			1.7E+02			5.4E+03		***	5.4E+0
Diethyl Phthalate	1	7.1E-01	1.9E-03	1.4E-03	2.3E+01	6.1E-02	4.5E-02	1.8E-01	4.8E-04	1.4E-04	5.7E+00	1.5E-02	4.5E-03	5.7E+00	1.5E-02	4.5E-03
Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate <sup>C</sup>	0			1.2E+05		***	3.8E+06	-		1.2E+04		wiw	3.8E+05		**	3.8E+0
	0		**	5.9E+01	~~	**	1.9E+03			5.9E+00			1.9E+02		~~	1.9E+0
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0			2.3E+03		***	7.4E+04			2.3E+02		in ter	7.4E+03			7.4E+0
Dimethyl Phthalate	0	***	**	2.9E+06	~~	****	9.3E+07		••	2.9E+05			9.3E+06		**	9.3E+0
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0		**	1.2E+04			3.8E+05		No. on	1,2E+03		777	3.8E+04		~-	3.8E+0
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0	***	~~	1.4E+04			4.5E+05		Mar.	1.4E+03			4.5E+04			4.5E+0
t-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol t,4-Dinitrotoluene	0	**		7.65E+02		war.	2.4E+04		-	7.7E+01		***	2.4E+03		**	2.4E+0
i,4-Dinitrotoluene Dioxin (2,3,7,8- etrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin)	0	an u	**	9.1E+01		•••	2.9E+03		***	9.1E+00			2.9E+02	**		2.9E+0
ppq)	0	***		1.2E-06		<del>-</del> -	3.8E-05		**	1.2E-07	w-a-		3.8E-06	_		9 05 0
1.2-Diphenylhydrazine <sup>C</sup>	0			5.4E+00			1.7E+02		Ve der	5.4E-01				N P-	~~	3.8E-06
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	2.4E+02	1.1E+00	2.8E-01	7.7E+03	8.5E-03	2.2E-03	2.4E+01		7.0E-02	1.7E+01 7.7E+02	2.7E-01	7.0E-02	1.7E+0

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Parameter	Background	Wate	er Quality (	Criteria	Was	teload Alloc	ations	Antide	gradation Bas	enine.	Antide	gradation Al	Vacations	Most	imiting Allo	
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	Chronic	НН	Acute	7	7
Beta-Endosulfan	0	3.4E-02	8.7E-03	2.4E+02	1.1E+00	2.8E-01	7.7E+03	8.5E-03	2,2E-03	2.4E+01	2.7E-01	7.0E-02	7.7E+02	<del> </del>	Chronic	L HH
Endosulfan Sulfate	0		***	2.4E+02			7.7E+03			2.4E+01	2.76-01			2.7E-01	7.0E-02	7.7E+02
Endrin	G	3.7E-02	2.3E-03	8.1E-01	1.2E+00	7.4E-02	2.6E+01	9.3E-03	5.8E-04	8.1E-02		4 85 00	7.7E+02			7.7E+02
Endrin Aldehyde	0			8.1E-01			2.6E+01	3.52-03	3.0104	8.1E-02	3.0E-01	1.8E-02	2.6E+00	3.0E-01	1.8E-02	2.6E+00
Ethylbenzene	٥		***	2.9E+04			9.3E+05				-	•••	2.6E+00			2.6E+00
Fluoranthene	0.		***	3.7E+02			1.2E+04			2.9E+03			9.3E+04		**	9.3E+04
Fluorene	Q		Satu	1.4E+04	~-		4.5E+05		**	3.7E+01			1.2E+03		••	1.2E+03
Guthion	0		1.0E-02			3.2E-01	4.52.705		2.5E-03	1.4E+03			4.5E+04	-		4.5E+04
Heptachlor <sup>c</sup>	0	5 3F-02	3.6E-03	2.1E-03	1.7E+00	1.2E-01						8.0E-02			8.0E-02	D 10
Heptachlor Epoxide <sup>C</sup>	0		3.6E-03	1.1E-03	1.7E+00		6.7E-02	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	2.1E-04	4.2E-01	2.9E-02	6.7E-03	4.2E-01	2.9E-02	6.7E-03
Hexachlorobenzene <sup>C</sup>	0			7.7E-03	·	1.2E-01	3.5E-02	1.3E-02	9.0E-04	1.1E-04	4.2E-01	2.9E-02	3.5E-03	4.2E-01	2.9E-02	3.5E-03
Hexachlorobutadiene <sup>C</sup>	0						2.5E-01		***	7.7E-04			2.5E-02		**	2.5E-02
Hexachlorocyclohexane Alpha-	Ÿ			5.0E+02		***	1.6E+04		***	5.0E+01			1.6E+03			1.6E+03
внсс	0			1.3E-01			4.2E+00		~~	1.3E-02			4.2E-01			4.05.04
Hexachlorocyclohexane Beta-										1.00.02			4.25-01	.~	**	4.2E-01
BHC <sup>6</sup>	0		***	4.6E-01		**	1.5E+01		***	4.6E-02			1.5E+00		***	1.5E+00
Hexachlorocyclohexane Gamma-BHC <sup>c</sup> (Lindane)	o	1 05 04														
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		1.6E-01	riv	6.3E-01	5.1E+00	*-	2.0E+01	4.0E-02		6.3E-02	1.3E+00		2.0E+00	1.3E+00	**	2.0E+00
Hexachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0		**	1.7E+04		•••	5.4E+05			1.7E+03			5.4E+04			5.4E+04
1	0			8.9E+01			2.8E+03		**	8.9E+00			2.8E+02		•••	2.8E+02
Hydrogen Sulfide	Ö		2.0E+00			6.4E+01	***		5.0E-01	0.0E+00		1.6E+01	0.0E+00		1.6E+01	
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene C Isophorone <sup>C</sup>	Q		***	4.9E-01			1.6E+01			4.9E-02		•••	1.6E+00		••	1.6E+00
	0	***	197.00	2.6E+04			8.3E+05	~-	***	2.6E+03		***	8.3E+04			8.3E+04
Kepone	0	~	0.0E±00			0.0E+00°			0.0E+00	***		0.0E+00			0.0E+00	
Lead	0	2.4E+02	9.3E+00	**	7.7E+03	3.0E+02	**	6.0E+01	2.3E+00		1.9E+03	7.4E+01	-	1.9E+03	7.4E+01	<b>**</b>
Malathion	0		1.0E-01			3.2E+00	****		2.5E-02			8.0E-01			8.0E-01	-
Mercury	0	1.8E+00	9.4E-01	5.1E-02	5.8E+01	3.0E+01	1.6E+00	4.5E-01	2.4E-01	5.1E-03	1.4E+01	7.5E+00	1,6E-01	1.4E+01	7.5E+00	1.6E-01
Methyl Bromide	0		****	4.0E+03			1.3E+05			4.0E+02			1.3E+04			1.3E+04
Methoxychlor	0		3.0E-02	~*		9.6E-01			7.5E-03			2.4E-01			2.4E-01	
Mirex	0		0.0E+00	***		0.0E+00	**	**	0.0E+00			0.0E+00	**		0.0E+00	
Monochlorobenzene	0		**	2.1E+04		****	6.7E+05		***	2.1E+03			6.7E+04			6.7E+04
Nickel	Q	7.4E+01	8.2E+00	4.6E+03	2.4E+03	2.6E+02	1.5E+05	1.9E+01	2.1E+00	4.6E+02	5.9E+02	6.6E+01	1.5E+04	5.9E+02	6.6E+01	1.5E+04
Nitrobenzene	0		**	1.9E+03		***	6.1E+04		*-	1.9E+02			6.1E+03		**	6.1E+03
N-Nitrosodimethylamine <sup>C</sup>	0		**	8.1E+01	~~		2.6E+03			8.1E+00			2.6E+02			2.6E+02
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine <sup>C</sup>	0			1.6E+02	~-	***	5.1E+03		es w	1.6E+01			5.1E+02			5.1E+02
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine <sup>c</sup>	0			1.4E+01	***	***	4.5E+02			1.4E+00			4.5E+01	-		
Parathion	0												4.52.101		**4	4.5E+01
PCB-1016	0		3.0E-02			9.6E-01			7.5E-03			2.4E-01			2 45 04	
PCB-1221	Ø		3.0E-02	***	**	9.6E-01			7.5E-03						2.4E-01	
PCB-1232	0	,	3.0E-02			9.6E-01	<del></del>		7.5E-03			2.4E-01			2.4E-01	
PCB-1242	0	***	3.0E-02			9.6E-01			7.5E-03			2.4E-01			2.4E-01	
PCB-1248	0		3.0E-02			9.6E-01	~~			***		2.4E-01			2.4E-01	
PCB-1254	0		3.0E-02	~-	-~	9.6E-01			7.5E-03			2.4E-01	***	•••	2.4E-01	
		L	~.~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~			3.0C-U1	~~	**	7.5E-03	**		2.4E-01			2.4E-01	

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Parameter	Background	Wat	er Quality	Criteria	Was	teload Alloca	ations	Antide	gradation Ba	seline	Antide	gradation Al	Uncations	T Mase C	imiting Allo	47
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	нн	Acute	Chronic	HH	Acute	Chronic	Тин	Acute	Chronic	HH	<u> </u>	T	F
PCB-1260	0		3.0E-02			9.6E-01		7,0410	7.5E-03	<u> </u>		2.4E-01	<del></del>	Acute	Chronic	НН
PCB Total <sup>C</sup>	0		•••	1.7E-03			5.4E-02			1.7E-04					2.4E-01	
Pentachlorophenol <sup>c</sup>	0	1.3E+01	7.9E+00	8.2E+01	4.2E+02	2.5E+02	2.6E+03	3.3E+00	2.0E+00				5.4E-03			5.4E-03
Phenol	0		***	4.6E+06	7.22.02		1.5E+08	1			1.0E+02	6,3E+01	2.6E+02	1.0E+02	6.3E+01	2.6E+02
Phosphorus (Elemental)	0		0,1	**		3.2E+00				4.6E+05			1.5E+07			1.5E+07
Pyrene	0		•	1.1E+04					2.5E-02			8.0E-01			8.0E-01	
Radionuclides (pCi/l				1.10,104		**	3.5E+05		-	1.1E+03		~~	3.5E+04		***	3.5E+04
except Beta/Photon)	0			***								***				**
Gross Alpha Activity Beta and Photon Activity	0			1.5E+01		***	4.8E+02		••	1.5E+00			4.8E+01		**	4.8E+01
(mrem/yr)	0			4.0E+00			4.05.00									
Strontium-90	0		**	8.0E+00			1.3E+02	_		4.0E-01		***	1.3E+01			1.3E+01
Tritium		] -					2.6E+02			8.0E-01			2.6E+01		~~	2.6E+01
Selenium		2000.00	~	2.0E+04		***	6.4E+05	A-N	***	2.0E+03	~~	~~	6.4E+04			6.4E+04
Silver	0	3.0E+02	7.1E+01	1.1E+04	9.6E+03	2.3E+03	3.5E+05	7.5E+01	1.8E+01	1.1E+03	2.4E+03	5.7E+02	3.5E+04	2.4E+03	5.7E+02	3.5E+04
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane <sup>C</sup>	0	2.0E+00	~~	**	6.4E+01	*~	***	5.0E-01	<b>M</b> . in		1.6E+01		V	1.6E+01	**	
	٥			1.1E+02		**	3.5E+03			1.1E+01:			3.5E+02			3.5E+02
Tetrachloroethylene <sup>C</sup>	Q		~-	8.9E+01		**	2.8E+03			8.9E+00			2.8E+02		**	2.8E+02
Thallium	0	~~	***	6.3E+00			2.0E+02	***	W=	6.3E-01	***	~-	2.0E+01			2.0E+01
Toluene	0	-		2.0E+05		***	6.4E+06			2.0E+04			6.4E+05		**	6.4E+05
Toxaphene <sup>©</sup>	0	2.1E-01	2.0E-04	7.5E-03	6.7E+00	6.4E-03	2.4E-01	5.3E-02	5.0E-05	7.5E-04	1.7E+00	1.6E-03	2.4E-02	1.7E+00	1.6E-03	2.4E-02
TributyItin	0	3.8E-01	1.0E-03		1.2E+01	3.2E-02		9.5E-02	2.5E-04		3.0E+00	8.0E-03	A 11 (a. 11 O E.	3.0E+00	8.0E-03	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0			9.4E+02		***	3.0E+04			9.4E+01			3.0E+03			
1.1,2-Trichloroethane <sup>©</sup>				4.2E+02			1.3E+04		***	4.2E+01				***	**	3.0E+03
Trichlaraethylene <sup>C</sup>	0			8.1E+02	-2		2.6E+04				-	**	1.3E+03		**	1.3E+03
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol <sup>C</sup>	0			6.5E+01			2.1E+03			8.1E+01			2.6E+03		**	2.6E+03
Vinyl Chloride <sup>C</sup>	0			6.1E+01				16716		6.5E+00			2.1E+02	**	. **	2.1E+02
Zinc			8.1E+01		2.05.403	0.05.00	2.0E+03			6.1E+00			2.0E+02		**	2.0E+02
	L V	10.06.701	U. 15701	6.9E+04	2.9E+03	2.6E+03	2.2E+06	2.3E+01	2.0E+01	6.9E+03	7.2E+02	6.5E+02	2.2E+05	7.2E+02	6.5E+02	2.2E+05

#### Notes:

- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
- 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
- 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. For transition zone waters, spreadsheet prints the lesser of the freshwater and saltwater water quality criteria.
- 6. Regular WLA = (WQC x WLA multiplier) (WLA multiplier 1)(background conc.)
- 7. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
  - = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 8. Antideg. WLA = (Antideg. Baseline)(WLA multiplier) (WLA multiplier 1)(background conc.)

·	
	Site Specific
Metal	Target Value (SSTV)
Antimony	1.4E+04
Arsenic III	1.7E+02
Cadmium	4.2E+01
Chromium III	#VALUE!
Chromium VI	2.4E+02
Copper	2.9E+01
Lead	4.5E+01
Mercury	1.6E-01
Nickel	3.9E+01
Selenium	3.4E+02
Silver	6.4E+00
Zinc	2.9E+02

Note: do not use QL's lower than the minimum QL's provided in agency guidance

## 2005 PERMIT

```
6/20/2005 8:22:57 AM
Facility = Tides North 0.0325 MGD at 32:1
Chemical = ammonia
Chronic averaging period = 30
WLAa = 3.8
        = 0.57
WLAC
Q.L.
           = 0.2
\# samples/mo. = 1
\# samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 9
             = 29.16
Variance
C.V.
                 = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 21.9007
97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741
97th percentile 30 day average= 10.8544
               = 0
# < Q.L.
Model used
                 = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 1.1500719532473
Average Weekly limit = 1.1500719532473
Average Monthly LImit = 1.1500719532473
```

The data are:

9

#### 6/21/2005 9:03:25 AM

## 2005 PERMIT

Facility = Tides North chlorine 0.04 MGD plant Chemical = chlorine Chronic averaging period = 4 WLAa = 3.3 WLAc = 1.9 Q.L. = 100 # samples/mo. = 30 # samples/wk. = 8

## Summary of Statistics:

# observations = 1

Expected Value = 20000

Variance = 1440000

C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 48668.3

97th percentile 4 day average = 33275.8

97th percentile 30 day average= 24121.0

# < Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data

A limit is needed based on Chronic Toxicity Maximum Daily Limit = 2.77889208970114 Average Weekly limit = 1.65762326468019 Average Monthly Limit = 1.37727773176037

The data are:

20000

This analysis is for both the 0.0325 MED + 0.04 MED facilities - since the monitoring frequency is the same

# Attachment I

Stream Sanitation Analysis

		ESTUARY SITE EVAL	LUATION and DAT	A PREPARATIO	N FORM . 1			
	Name of Stream	CMFILS	alk	Topographic	map	Wings	ten !	
		tion	1				-	
	Name of Discharge / All MASTP River mile 8cm of 14cm (ind, Chunh)  Proposed limits: BOD5 24 TKN 3.10 D.O. 17 FLOW 4755000 1557000 1570000000000000000000000							d
	Proposed limit:	5: BODS 24_ TH	N 3.6 D.O.	DZ FLOW	45 mack	Date 59cfs	Logen dillo	ί
	Are there major Tributaries in the section you want to model?							,
	If yes, enter data for the mouth of the stream:	BOD5 TH	(N D.O.	Flow			i i i	
		BOD5 Tk	O.O.	Flow	R.M	-	A Comment	
	of 9 to will 8	BOD5 Tk	N D.O.	Flow	R.M			
		BOD5 Tk	N D.O.	Flow	R.h			
	Are there marshes bordering the stream you want to model ?							
Is excessive algae a problem in this stream? $NU$ River mile of fall line $NU$ River mile of model line $NU$ River mile of model end $NU$ Number of segments you want in model $NU$								
							-	
	Estimate the following at model beginning (background conditions):							
	701ø <u>()</u> E	30D5 TKN	D.O				The state of the s	
<b>y</b>	Complete the fo	ollowing for as ma	ny points as y	ou have data	for:	20t	Box -	
ight)	R.M. Widt	th Depth	Temperature	mwidth x im	=0.66	RM	0.19 B.C	
ZACATA ZMX CS	0.34 5cm/11/2	20,224 A 577	27 27	4.11		(90 %	mpercetal a	7
TOM X 100 68	188 "Tent	HUSFI DET	29 De	scharge		Rm	1.18 24:0	
3.60			gang bady anny gant been been seen		IFT	TKN 3.6	make maker	-
	Type of stream	being modeled: (s	ee name 64 of	manual)	2pt D	1 - 90 POLA	With 6 1.00 100	9
		iver mile	stream		ength	2 cm Ray	changely	-
	A B	6.89mi	1			$\frac{\lambda}{4.7cm} = 63$	1.8 milength	
	C D		3			11 St. Cle. K 10 43.8-2	7cm 6.9=689711	
	E	their hands gast' darks darks darks.	5	-			1 2 3	
			, υ				\$ 2,111	

H12/91 Conversation with Mark Bushing 11: Canters Grek wQ 2 Stations-Rimmile 0.19 + RM. 1.06 Further From Tides Inn PM 0.19 - Jata compiled 1976-1984 Max Temp 28.5 min 0 average 17.22 Max Do 14.0 min 5.2 mean 8.94 Max Bob 7.0 min 1.0 x 2.125 take

RM 1.06 data 1976-1979 no Bod Jata Temperature Max 29,5 min 1.5 x 19,1: Do max 11,59 min 5,79 x 8.23

Aucentile Data 90 Mpercentile RM 0.19 Do 11.90 RM 1.06 Bob 3.00 Temp 290

95 Mperanxia Do 13.0 1 RM BOD 4.0 10.19 DO 11.59 PM1.06

## TIDES GOLF, LODGE # 293-13

```
**** ENTER 1 IF YOU HAVE PERFORMED A SITE INSPECTION ****
 **** OTHERWISE JUST PUSH ENTER ****
 1
 **** ENTER 1 IF EXCESSIVE ALGAE IS A PROBLEM ****
 **** OTHERWISE JUST PUSH ENTER ****
**** ENTER 1 IF SIGNIFICANT MARSHES BORDER THE STREAM ****
**** SIGNIFICANT IS GREATER THEN 5% OF THE LENGTH BEING MARSH ****
**** OTHERWISE JUST PUSH ENTER ****
       WHAT IS THE NAME OF THE STREAM? *****
**** INPUT RIVER MILE AND WIDTH (ft) FOR EACH POINT *****
   POINT # 1
0.0
3494.0
   POINT #
0.34
1165.0
   POINT #
0.53
1941.0
   POINT #
0.66
1165.0
   POINT #
1.18
776.5
   POINT #
2.0
388.2
A DIAGRAM WILL BE PUT ON THE SCREEN TO HELP YOU ENTER
DATA THAT WILL ALLOW CALCULATION OF THE DISPERSION AND VELOCITY ****
YOU WILL BE ASKED FOR STREAM TYPE, LENGTH AND RIVER MILE FOR YOUR SYSTEM
---- PUSH ENTER TO CONTINUE ----
```

```
**** WHAT TYPE IS YOUR ESTUARY? *****
**** ENTER 9 TO SEE DIAGRAM AGAIN *****
AT WHAT R.M. IS CONFLUENCE MARKED B?
6.89
HOW LONG IS THE TYPE 3 STREAM ? (MI)
63.8
**** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE TEMPERATURE DATA FOR?, INTEGER ****
**** INPUT RIVER MILE AND TEMPERATURE (C) FOR EACH POINT*****
   POINT # 1
0.19
27.0
   POINT #
1.06
29.0
*** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE DEPTH DATA FOR?, INTEGER *****
**** INPUT RIVER MILE AND DEPTH (ft) FOR EACH POINT *****
   POINT # 1
1.06
29.0
*** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE DEPTH DATA FOR?, INTEGER ****
6
**** INPUT RIVER MILE AND DEPTH (ft) FOR EACH POINT *****
  POINT #
           1
0.00
5.0
  POINT #
0.34
5.0
  POINT #
            3
0.53
4.0
  POINT #
                   ...
            4
0.66
3.0
  POINT #
1.18
3.0
  POINT #
2.0
```

2.0

```
**** INPUT RIVER MILE AND FLOW (cfs) FOR EACH POINT *****
  POINT # 1
0.34
                                                  1
0.00619
   POINT #
0.66
0.00928
   POINT #
0.96
0.00928
  POINT #
1.18
0.07659
   POINT #
2.0
0.0503
*** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE BOD5 DATA FOR?, INTEGER *****
**** INPUT RIVER MILE, FLOW AND BODS FOR EACH POINT **** *
  POINT # 1
0.34
Ø
**** INPUT RIVER MILE, FLOW AND BOD5 FOR EACH POINT **** *
0.34
0.00619
166
  POINT #
0.66
0.00928
150
  POINT #
            3
0.96
0.00928
142
  POINT #
1.18
0.07659
24.0
  POINT #
2.0
0.0503
36.0
**** DO YOU WANT TO SPECIFY FIXED BODS CONCENTRATIONS? *****
***** ENTER 1 FOR YES .... Ø FOR NO *****
  n-No
```

. TEN points

```
0.34
0.00619
1.5
  POINT #
0.66
0.00928
1.5
   POINT #
0.96
0.00928
1.5
  POINT #
1.18
0.07659
3.6
   POINT #
             5
2.0
0.0503
1.5
***** DO YOU WANT TO SPECIFY FIXED NBOD CONCENTRATIONS? *****
***** ENTER 1 FOR YES .... 0 FOR NO *****
*** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE D.O. DATA FOR?, INTEGER *****
0
*** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU HAVE D.O. DATA FOR?, INTEGER *****
**** INPUT RIVER MILE, FLOW AND D.O. FOR EACH POINT *****
  POINT # 1
0.19
5.2
  POINT #
1.06
0.07659
**** DO YOU WANT TO SPECIFY FIXED D.O. CONCENTRATIONS?
**** ENTER 1 FOR YES .... 0 FOR NO ****
**** HOW MANY POINTS DO YOU WANT TO SPECITY? INTEGER ****
**** ENTER THE RIVER MILE AND FIXED CONCENTRATION FOR EACH POINT *****
  POINT # 1
0.19
WHAT DO YOU WANT TO NAME THE DATA FILE?
      a: tide mellidad => fiel(Monou-
```

```
rter's Creek
                            2.060
                                             5
                2.060
     .000
TA
               б
DTH
                 .000
                        3494.000
  1
                        1165.000
                 .340
   2
                        1941.000
                 .530
  3
                        1165.000
                 .660
   4
                          776.500
                1.180
   5
                          388.200
                2.000
   б
               2
SP
                             .000
                2.060
   1
                          701.959
                 .000
   2
               2
LO
                              .000
                2.060
   1
                              .108
                  .000
   2
MP
                  .190
                           27.000
   1
                           29.000
                1.060
   2
EDI
                1.030
                             1.500
   1
               1
)ECAY
                              .150
                1.030
   1
               1
DECAY
                              .075
                 1.030
   1
               б
                             5.000
                  .000
   1
                             5.000
                  .340
   2
                             4.000
                  .530
   3
                             3.000
                  .660
   4
                             3.000
                 1.180
   5
                             2.000
                 2.000
   6
-SATDO
-REAER
TOP
LOW
                              .006
                  .340
                              .009
                  .660
                              .009
                  .960
                              .077
                 1.180
                              .050
                 2.000
TOP
BOD
                              .006
                                           .415
                  .340
                                           .375
                              .009
                  .660
                                           .355
                              .009
                  .960
                                        60.000
                              .077
                 1.180
                                        90.000
                 2.000
                              .050
TOP
IBOD
                                           .000
                              .006
                   .340
                                           .000
                               .009
                  .660
                                         2.598 = TKN of 3.6 entered
                               .009
                  .960
                              .077
                 1.180
                               .050
                 2.000
                                         5.200 7 min dxy gen Values, Carter's Creek
5.790 5.200
STOP
                               .000
                  .190
                               .077
                 1.060
                   .190
FIXED
STOP
```

÷ 1			•				
****	R E G	I O N A L	MODEL	I N G	SYSTE	M ****	
***			FEATURING	1		****	
***	A U T O	\$ \$ W A T	ER QUAI		M O D E L	****	
			·				
* * * * * * * *			ER QUALITY MO Carter's Cree		****		·
* * * * * * * * * * * *	RIVER RIVER RIVER	MILE OF UP	WNSTREAM END. STREAM END. LL LINE		.00 2.06 2.06 5		
****	****	: * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	****	******	******
*****						******	
* * * * * * * *			D 11 , 0 0 0 7 ~	, ,			****
****		ESIUA	RY/STRE	E A M	INPUT	DATA	* * * * *
						*****	
****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******	******
* * * *	CHANNE	L WIDTHS (	FT) ****	•			
	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1	21	.208E+04	. 4	1 44	650	
	2 3		.142E+04	5		457.	
* * *	JUNCTI	ON SURFACE	AREAS (SQFT)	* * *	· * *		
	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1	.00	.453E+07	4	1.24	.168E+07	
	2 3		.381E+07 .251E+07	5 6	1.65 2.06	.121E+07 .995E+06	
* * *			CIENTS (SQFT		****	.9936+00	
		•	.012.112 (5011				
	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1	. 21	632.	4	1.44	211.	
	2	.62	491.	5	1.85	70.2	
	3	1.03	351.				

* * * * *	AVERAG	E CHANNEL	TIDAL VELOCI	TIES (FT/	'SEC)	****	
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1 2 3	.21 .62 1.03	.972E-01 .756E-01 .540E-01	4 5	1.44	.324E-01 .108E-01	
****	JUNCT	ION WATER	TEMPERATURES	(DEG-C)	* * * *	*	
	NO NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	27.0 27.5 28.5	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	29.0 29.0 29.0	
****	OXYGEN	UPTAKE OI	F SEDIMENTS (	GM O2/SQM	/DAY)	****	
	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	1.50 1.50 1.50	4 5 б	1.24 1.65 2.06		
***	CBOD DE	ECAY RATES	CORRECTED TO	O STREAM	TEMP - (1	/DAY) ***	* * *
	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	.207 .212 .221	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	.227 .227 .227	
***	NBOD DE	CAY RATES	CORRECTED TO	STREAM T	TEMP -	(1/DAY) *	****
	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO		VALUE	
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	.129 .134 .144	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	.150 .150 .150	
*** * REP	A3 COEF RESENTS DE	FICIENT F PTH OF FL	OR FLOW EQUAT OW IF A1 AND/	ION * OR A2 ARE	**** E ZERO **	*	
	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	
	1 2 3	. 21 . 62 1.03	5.00 3.32 3.00	4 5	1.44 1.85	2.68	
*** (	COMPUTED O	XYGEN SATU	URATION CONCE	NTRATIONS	(PPM)	****	
	JUNC.	RIVER		JUNC	RIVER		

. 1	: 99	3:6 <u>1</u>	<u>4</u> 5	1:24	8:73
3	.82	9.69	6	2.06	9.73
ماه	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	****	****	* * * * * * * * * *	****
		****			
	DEPT	H OR VELOCITY	DEPENDENT	Γ VARIABLI	ES
		****			
		**************************************			****
CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE
NO	WILE	VALUE	NO	191 to 1	, iii o b
1	. 21	.104E+05	4	1.44	.175E+04
2 3	.62 1.03	.470E+04 .267E+04	5	1.85	996.
CHANNEL	DEPTHS	(FT) ****			
CHAN	RIVER	77 1 7 7777	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE
NO	MILE	VALUE	NO	MILE	VALUE
1	.21	5.00	4	1.44	2.68
2 3	.62 1.03	3.32 3.00	5	1.85	2.18
CHANNEL	VELOCIT	TIES (FT/SEC)	****		
CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	CHAN NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE

NO	MILE	VALUE	NO	MILE	VALUE
1 2 3	.21 .62 1.03	.972E-01 .756E-01 .540E-01	4 5	1.44 1.85	.324E-01 .108E-01

JUNCTION VOLUMES (CUFT) \*\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*

\*\*\*\*

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\* \* \* \* \*

JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	J UNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE
1	.00	.227E+08	4	1.24	.480E+07
2	.41	.164E+08	5	1.65	.299E+07
3	.82	.802E+07	6	2.06	.217E+07

COMPUTED REAERATION RATES (1/DAY) \*\*\*\*\*

NO NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE
1 2	.00	.425 ,565	4 5	1.24 1.65	.685
3	.82	710	6	2.06	.516

\* \* \* \* \*

STEADY STATE FLOW CONDITIONS

		OW AT DOWN	S. AM JUNCTI		.2	,	,
***	INFLOW	IS (CFS)	****			4	
	JUNC	RIVER		JUNC	RIVER	,	
	NO	MILE	VALUE	NO	MILE	VALUE	
				1			
	1	.00	.000	4	1.24	.770E-01	
	2	.41	.600E-02	5	1.65	.000	
	3	.82	.180E-01	6	2.06	.500E-01	
***	DIVERS	IONS (CFS	****				
	JUNC	RIVER		JUNC	RIVER		
	NO	MILE	VALUE	NO	MILE	VALUE	
	1	.00	.151	4	1.24	.000	
	2	.41	.000	5	1.65	.000	
	3	.82	.000	, 6	2.06	.000	
***	CHANNE	L FLOWS (	CFS) ****	*			
	CHAN	RIVER		CHAN	RIVER		
	NO	MILE	VALUE	NO	MILE	VALUE	
	1	.21	151	4	1.44	500E-01	
	2	.62	145	5	1.85	500E-01	
	3	1.03	127				
* * * * * *	******	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	******
	* * * * * * *	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * *	*****	*********	
* * * *		OTEADY (	CTATE CDOD IN	DUT COMOR	NITD A TIONS	(DDW)	****
****		SIEADI	STATE CBOD IN	FUI CONCE	NIKALIONS	(PPM)	****
						******	
*****	*****	****	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *	*****	****	******	*****
	JUNC	RIVER		JUNC	RIVER		
	NO	MILE	VALUE	ИО	MILE	VALUE	
	1	0.0	0.00	4	1 2 4	C 0 0	
	1 2	.00 .41	.000 .415	4 5	1.24 1.65	60.0 .000	

arter's Creek

\*\*\*\* STEADY STATE CBOD CONCENTRATION \*\*\*\*\*

OUTFLOW AT DOWNSTREAM END= .15 \*\*\*\*\*

. NO MILE VALUE NO MILE VALUE	-
1 .00 .215E-01 4 1.24 .437E-01	
2 .41 .219E-01 5 1.65 .615E-01 3 .82 .276E-01 6 2.06 .171	
=RIVER MILE  Y= CBOD CONCENTRATIONS	(PPM)
.0	
X	
.8 .*3E-0 1 * .4E-0 2 * .6E-0	1
2. *	
**************************************	
**** STEADY STATE NBOD INPUT CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)	* * * * *
**************************************	
JŪNC RIVER JUNC RIVER NO MILE VALUE NO MILE VALUE	}
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      STEADY STATE WATER QUALITY MODEL
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	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE	NO IUNC	RIVER MILE	VALUE
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	27.0 27.5 28.5	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	29.0 29.0 29.0
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	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	1.50 1.50 1.50	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	1.50 1.50 1.50
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	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	. 207 . 212 . 221	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	. 227 . 227 . 227
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	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	.227E+0 .164E+0 .802E+0	8 (	4 5 6	1.24 1.65 2.06	.480E+07 .299E+07 .217E+07
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	JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE		JUNC NO	RIVER MILE	VALUE
	1 2 3	.00 .41 .82	.425 .565 .710		4 5 6	1.24 1.65 26	.685 .586 .516

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STEADY STATE CBOD INPUT CONCENTRATIONS (PPM)

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ONVERGENCE IN 21 CYCLES

irter's Creek

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STEADY STATE CBOD CONCENTRATION

OUTFLOW AT DOWNSTREAM END=

.15 \*\*\*

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	3	.82	.000	6	2.06	.000	
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Stream Sanitation Analysis

From:

Palmore, Jennifer

Sent:

Tuesday, April 06, 2004 11:12 AM

To:

Mosca, Denise

Cc:

Brockenbrough, Allan

Subject:

RE: Tides North models

Allan and I had talked last week that we had both rerun it with Dr. Kuo's suggestions and it didn't work. The plan was for me to take the simplest version (Totuskey) and try that and if not send it to Dr. Kuo. I think it will be a while before we get a resolution, so if Allan agreed to limits, I would use those so that you can get the permit out.

----Original Message----

From:

Mosca, Denise

Sent:

Tuesday, April 06, 2004 7:42 AM

To:

Palmore, Jennifer

Subject:

FW: Tides North models

I guess he's talking about 10-10-3...but you'll still run the model. Denise

Denise M. Mosca Environmental Specialist II DEQ-Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, Va. 23060 804-527-5027 fax 804-527-5106

----Original Message-----

From:

Brockenbrough, Allan

Sent:

Monday, April 05, 2004 3:02 PM

To: Mosca, Denise

Subject:

RE: Tides North models

I just reviewed the pictures of the outfall with Jon and we both agreed that they should get end-of-pipe limits for that outfall - both for the current discharge and the proposed expansion. As far as the BOD, etc., last I spoke with Jennifer T believe she was going to try to rerun the tidal model using a few suggestions made by Dr. Kuo. If they don't work, we will go back to him to try to further debug the program. Give me a call if we need to discuss.

#### Allan

----Original Message-----

From:

Mosca, Denise

Sent: To: Friday, April 02, 2004 10:51 AM Brockenbrough, Allan

Subject: Tides North models

Hi, what can I tell the consultant looking for the status of the limits for this project? thanks, Denise

#### Mosca, Denise

From:

Brockenbrough, Allan

Sent:

Thursday, April 22, 2004 9:58 AM

To:

Mosca, Denise

Cc:

Palmore, Jennifer

Subject:

RE: Tides Lodge

#### Hey Denise-

Sorry for the delay in getting back to you. By definition, the wla multipliers are all 1 for "end-of-pipe" limits. No dilution is available. For a Tier 2 water you are going to get wla's equal to 1/4 the water quality criteria. They really need to construct a submerged diffuser in deeper water to get any kind of reasonable mixing. Give me a call if we need to discuss further.

#### Allan

----Original Message-----

From:

Mosca, Denise

Sent:

Subject:

Friday, April 16, 2004 11:44 AM

To: Cc: Brockenbrough,Allan Palmore,Jennifer Tides Lodge

Hi, I proceeded with end of pipe limits for this facility as you recommended. We went around on a tier designation for the Tides Lodge discharge location and settled on Tier 2. I need to run mstranti for the baselines and attach it in my fact sheet to satisfy antidegradation. I'll still need multipliers from you then for the WLAs.

Denise

# Attachment J

Stream Monitoring Program Memo

### **MEMORANDUM**

# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, VA 23060-6296

804/527-5020

**SUBJECT:** Stream Monitoring Program

Tides Utilities LLC. North WWTP - VA0029343

**TO:** Drew Hammond, P.E.

**FROM:** Jennifer Palmore, P.G.

**DATE:** January 26, 2011 **REVISED:** March 28, 2011

**COPIES:** File

The Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant discharges to a tributary of Church Prong (a tributary of Carters Creek), near Christchurch, VA. The outfall is located at rivermile 3-XHZ000.20.

The Tides North WWTP has a current design flow of 0.0325 MGD; however the permit has three flow tiers and allows expansion to 0.040 MGD and 0.100 MGD. The current monthly limit for BOD<sub>5</sub> is 24 mg/L and for ammonia is 1.15 mg/L at the 0.0325 MGD flow tier. During the 2005 reissuance, the DEQ attempted to model the stream in order to develop limits for the 0.040 and 0.100 MGD flow tiers. Due to difficulties with the modeling effort and the fact that the tributary is a shallow cove with limited mixing, the facility was assigned self-sustaining permit limits of  $\text{cBOD}_5 = 10 \text{ mg/L}$ , TSS = 10.0 mg/L, and TKN = 3.0 mg/L for both expanded flows. To confirm that water quality standards are being met in the cove at the current design flow and limits, the DEQ required the facility to undertake an instream monitoring program.

The facility has sampled monthly at two locations on the receiving stream – station 1 near the outfall in the cove and station 2 at the mouth of the tributary on Church Prong. A map of the monitoring locations is attached. Samples were collected during slack high tide and were analyzed for pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, salinity, and ammonia.

The DEQ is currently processing a permit reissuance application; therefore a request to review the instream monitoring data for the tributary was received on December 15, 2010. This analysis addresses data collected from October 2006 through November 2010.

I analyzed the data using a one-tailed paired two sample t-test. Based on a p value of 0.05, the results indicated the following:

- Station 2 at the mouth of the tributary has lower dissolved oxygen than Station 1 near the outfall
- Station 2 has higher salinity than Station 1
- Temperature and pH are not significantly different at the two stations
- Ammonia was only detected on one date (11/10/10); therefore a t-test could not be performed

The data show no violations of the pH Water Quality Standard of 6.0-9.0 SU or the ammonia standard. There is no maximum temperature Water Quality Standard in estuarine waters, however there is a standard for maximum 3°C rise above background temperature. The maximum temperature difference between the two stations was 2.1°C. In addition, the two stations show no significant difference in means, as stated above, and the population means at both stations are similar to the historical record at

monitoring station 3-CTR000.76 and less than the mean at station 3-CTR001.06, which are both located on Carters Creek. Therefore, the monitoring data does not indicate a violation of the maximum temperature rise standard.

The receiving stream is impaired for the Aquatic Life Use due to failure of the Chesapeake Bay standards in the Rappahannock Mesohaline estuary. The segment violates the 30-day mean summer dissolved oxygen criteria and has inadequate submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV). The instream monitoring program confirms that the dissolved oxygen within the cove periodically falls below the 30-day mean standard. Of the 48 monthly samples, dissolved oxygen was below 5 mg/L three times at Station 1 (cove) and six times at Station 2 (mouth).

Since the samples were collected at slack high tide and Station 2 had lower dissolved oxygen than Station 1, I believe that the dissolved oxygen violations were more influenced by incoming water from Church Prong than by the discharge. This is confirmed by the higher mean salinity at Station 2 than Station 1. In addition, both stations had higher dissolved oxygen means than both ambient monitoring stations 3-CTR000.76 and 3-CTR001.06 on Carters Creek.

I believe there is insufficient evidence to indicate that the facility is causing the dissolved oxygen violations on the tributary and Church Prong. However, I recommend that the permit include a dissolved oxygen limit of 6.0 mg/L to ensure that the permit does not exacerbate the existing dissolved oxygen impairment.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me.

### **VEGIS Map Export**

#### Legend

**DEQ Central & Regional Offices** 

- DEQ Central Office, 629 East Main Street, Richmond, VA 23219
- South West Regional Office, 355 Deadmore St SE, Abingdon, VA 24210
- Blue Ridge Regional Office, 3019 Peters Creek Road NW, Roanoke, VA 24019
- Blue Ridge Regional Office, 7705 Timberlake Road, Lynchburg, VA 24502
- Northern Virginia Regional Office, 13901 Crown Court, Woodbridge, VA 22193
- Piedmont Regional Office, 4949-A Cox Road, Glen Allen, VA 23060
- Tidewater Regional Office, 5636 Southern Blvd, Virginia Beach, VA 23462
- Valley Regional Office, 4411 Early Road, Harrisonburg, VA 22801
- DEQ Regional Boundaires



Title: The Tides Utilities, LLC - North WWTP

DISCLAIMER: The environmental data contained in this application is for REFERENCE ONLY and is NOT certified to be absolutely complete or correct. Specific data of concern should be verified with DEQ prior to any other use.

# Attachment K

Effluent Dissolved Oxygen Monitoring Results

Facility Name: The Tides Utilities, LLC North WWTP

Permit No: VA0029343

Outfall: 001

Date	Dissolved Oxygen		
Date	mg/L		
6/1/11	5.09		
6/2/11	5.11		
6/3/11	6.08		
6/4/11	5.39		
6/5/11	6.5		
6/6/11	6.0		
6/7/11	6.2		
6/8/11	6.0		
6/9/11	5.2		
6/11/11	6.0		
6/12/11	6.3		
6/13/11	5.9		
6/14/11	6.5		
6/15/11	6.84		
6/16/11	6.04		
6/17/11	7.1		
6/18/11	6.86		
6/19/11	5.85		
6/20/11	6.0		
6/21/11	6.49		
6/22/11	6.3		
6/23/11	6.28		
6/24/11	5.8		
6/25/11	6.11		
6/26/11	6.3		
6/27/11	6.1		
6/28/11	5.9		
6/29/11	6.03		
6/30/11	6.3		
Min.	5.09		

Min. 5.09 Avg. 6.1 Max. 7.1

# Attachment L

Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing Memo



# DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Piedmont Regional Office

4949-A Cox Road

Glen Allen, Virginia 23060

(804) 527-5020

TO:

Michael P. Murphy, PRO Regional Director

FROM:

Andrew J. Hammond II, Water Permit Writer

via Curtis J. Linderman, Water Permit Manager

DATE:

January 17, 2012

SUBJECT:

Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing

VPDES Permit No. VA0029343

The Tides Utilities LLC North Wastewater Treatment Plant

Lancaster County, Virginia

COPIES:

Kyle I. Winter, PRO Deputy Regional Director

#### **BACKGROUND**

On June 3, 2010, the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) received an application from The Tides Utilities LLC for reissuance of Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) permit number VA0029343 for the privately owned The Tides Utilities LLC North Wastewater Treatment Plant located in Lancaster County, Virginia. The Virginia Department of Health (VDH) Office of Drinking Water and VDH Division of Shellfish Sanitation reviewed the permit application and had no objections. The most recent permit was reissued on November 3, 2005. The permit is classified as a minor municipal permit.

The applicant proposes to continue the release of treated sewage wastewaters at a rate of 32,500 gallons per day (with a proposed future expansion to 100,000 gallons per day) into an unnamed tributary of Church Prong in the Rappahannock River watershed. The existing activated sludge wastewater treatment plant serves an approximate population of 517 users. The Preliminary Engineering Report (PER) for the proposed activated sludge wastewater treatment plant was approved by DEQ on September 19, 2007, and will encompass a larger service area. This facility is subject to the requirements of 9VAC25-820 and has registered for coverage under the General VPDES Watershed Permit Regulation for Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus Discharges and Nutrient Trading in the Chesapeake Bay Watershed in Virginia.

All limitations and/or conditions in the proposed draft permit are the same or more stringent than those contained in the 2005 permit, with minor updates to reflect current agency permit protocols. These updates include additional significant figures requirements, increased fecal coliform monitoring and reporting requirements, an additional Dissolved Oxygen limitation with compliance schedule, an additional *Enterococci* limitation, Dissolved Sulfide monitoring and reporting, and several revisions to special condition boilerplate language. Limitations and monitoring requirements associated with a 40,000 gallon per day expansion tier were removed from the proposed draft permit at the request of the permittee.

For the existing 32,500 gallon per day facility, reasonable potential analyses and effluent limitation development were undertaken to ensure Water Quality Standards were met with the benefit of in-stream dilution. The draft permit proposes to limit the following parameters:

January 17, 2012 Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing VPDES Permit No. VA0029343 The Tides Utilities LLC North WWTP Page 2 of 5

6.0 s.u minimum; 9.0 s.u. maximum рΗ 5-day Biochemical Oxygen Demand 24 mg/L (2900 g/d) monthly average

> 36 mg/L (4400 g/d) weekly average 24 mg/L (2900 g/d) monthly average

**Total Suspended Solids** 36 mg/L (4400 g/d) weekly average

Total Residual Chlorine 1.4 µg/L monthly average; 1.7 µg/L weekly average

Fecal Coliform 200 N/100 mL monthly geometric mean

Dissolved Oxygen 6.0 mg/L minimum

Ammonia as Nitrogen 1.15 mg/L monthly average; 1.15 mg/L weekly average

Enterococci 35 N/100 mL monthly geometric mean

For the proposed 100,000 gallon per day facility, reasonable potential analyses and effluent limitation development were undertaken to ensure Water Quality Standards were met "end-of-pipe" (i.e. without the benefit of in-stream dilution). The draft permit proposes to limit the following parameters:

6.0 s.u minimum: 9.0 s.u. maximum Ha **Total Suspended Solids** 10 mg/L (3800 g/d) monthly average 15 mg/L (5700 g/d) weekly average

1.3 µg/L monthly average; 1.4 µg/L weekly average Total Residual Chlorine

Fecal Coliform 200 N/100 mL monthly geometric mean

Dissolved Oxygen 6.0 mg/L minimum

Ammonia as Nitrogen 0.02 mg/L monthly average; 0.03 mg/L weekly average

Enterococci 35 N/100 mL monthly geometric mean 10 mg/L (3800 g/d) monthly average 5-day carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand 15 mg/L (5700 g/d) weekly average Total Nitrogen 3.0 mg/L calendar year average

Total Phosphorus 0.30 mg/L calendar year average

The Water Resources Development Staff has indicated that the proposed draft permit is in conformance with the existing planning documents for the area.

#### **PUBLIC NOTICE**

The draft permit was public noticed in the Rappahannock Record on December 8, 2011 and December 15, 2011. Copies of the proposed draft permit and fact sheet are attached.

#### **PUBLIC COMMENTS**

The public comment period began on December 8, 2011, and ended at 11:59 p.m. on January 9, 2012. During the 30-day public comment period, five (5) comments representing seven (7) individuals and one (1) homeowners' association (The Green Association) were received. Of these comments, two (2) were submitted in full compliance with the information requirements outlined in 9VAC25-230-40 of Procedural Rule No. 1.

#### SUMMARY OF COMMENTS RECEIVED DURING THE PUBLIC NOTICE PERIOD

Issue: Will holding a public hearing be beneficial to the public and/or community?

Three (3) requests for a public hearing were received in order to provide a further understanding of the existing sewage situation, intent, scope, specific location, options considered, results of prior environmental studies, and facility connection access.

Commenter(s): Rich McClain, J. Lance Franke, Stephanie S. Chaufournier

January 17, 2012
Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing VPDES Permit No. VA0029343
The Tides Utilities LLC North WWTP
Page 3 of 5

Staff Response: It is DEQ's obligation to evaluate permit applications it receives in order to determine the impact to State waters in accordance with the Virginia Water Quality Standards (9VAC25-260), and to assign effluent limitations to a facility in order to maintain these standards. In accordance with agency policy and guidance, permit development supporting documentation has been included in and/or attached to the proposed fact sheet. Permit application data is on file at the Piedmont Regional Office and is available for public review.

DEQ staff recommends that no change to the proposed permit is necessary in response to these comments.

Issue: Will the reissuance of VPDES permit VA0029343 negatively impact the water quality in Carter's Creek and the Chesapeake Bay? Will human health be adversely impacted?

Comment: "We are greatly concerned about the environmental impact on Carter's Creek. The fragility of the already damaged Chesapeake Bay will be further negatively affected by this action. As residents living on Carters Creek, we are worried about not only the environmental issues, but also the health issues."

Commenter(s): Edward J. and Pauline B. Sulick

Staff Response: It is DEQ's obligation to evaluate permit applications it receives in order to determine the impact to State waters in accordance with the Virginia Water Quality Standards (9VAC25-260), and to assign effluent limitations to a facility in order to maintain these standards. The Virginia Water Quality Standards include numerical water quality criteria (9VAC25-260-140) developed to protect aquatic life and human health. These criteria are applicable to Carter's Creek and the Chesapeake Bay. The proposed permit was prepared in accordance with all applicable statues, regulations, and agency practices; the effluent limitations and conditions in the proposed permit have been established to maintain all applicable water quality standards. The Water Resources Development Staff has reviewed the proposed permit and indicated that it is in conformance with the existing planning documents for the area, including the recently approved Chesapeake Bay Total Maximum Daily Load.

DEQ staff recommends that no change to the proposed permit is necessary in response to these comments.

Issue: Will the reissuance of VPDES permit VA0029343 require compliance with the applicable reliability classification?

Comment: Concerns were expressed regarding the permittee's (wastewater treatment plant and sewage collection system) compliance with the applicable reliability class.

Commenter(s): Bruce and Pat Julian, J. Lance Franke, Stephanie S. Chaufournier

Staff Response: Part I.C.6 of the proposed permit requires the permitted <u>treatment works</u> to meet Reliability Class I as defined in the Virginia Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations (9VAC25-790). Additionally, the Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Regulation defines <u>treatment works</u> as "any devices and systems used for the storage, treatment, recycling or reclamation of sewage or liquid industrial waste, or other waste or necessary to recycle or reuse water, including intercepting sewers, outfall sewers, sewage collection systems, individual systems, pumping, power and other equipment and their appurtenances; extensions, improvements, remodeling, additions, or alterations thereof; and any works, including land that will be an integral part of the treatment process or is used for ultimate disposal of residues resulting from such treatment; or any other method or system used for preventing, abating, reducing, storing, treating, separating, or disposing of municipal waste or industrial waste, including waste in combined sewer water and sanitary sewer systems." DEQ conducts both routine and risk-based inspections of facilities to verify compliance with permit conditions. The routine

January 17, 2012 Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing VPDES Permit No. VA0029343 The Tides Utilities LLC North WWTP Page 4 of 5

DEQ inspection schedule for minor municipal VPDES facilities is a minimum of once every five (5) years. No defensible evidence has been presented to DEQ staff to question the treatment works ability to comply with Reliability Class I.

DEQ staff recommends that no change to the proposed permit is necessary in response to these comments.

## Issue: Should additional connections to the privately-owned sewage collection system be evaluated and/or pursued?

Comment: Concerns were expressed regarding the connection availability of the sewage collection system for private residences utilizing adequate and/or failing on-site septic systems, as well as connection availability proffers established between the permittee and Lancaster County Board of Supervisors.

Commenter(s): Bruce and Pat Julian, J. Lance Franke, Stephanie S. Chaufournier

Staff Response: It is DEQ's obligation to evaluate permit applications it receives in order to determine the impact to State waters in accordance with the Virginia Water Quality Standards (9VAC25-260), and to assign effluent limitations to a facility in order to maintain these standards. Connection availability of the sewage collection system is at the discretion of the conveyance system's owner and therefore, is not within DEQ staff's jurisdiction to consider as a basis to re-issue, modify, or deny the proposed permit. Additionally, proffers established between permittees and local governing bodies are not within DEQ staff's jurisdiction to consider as a basis to re-issue, modify, or deny the proposed permit.

Concerns regarding failing septic systems should be addressed to the Lancaster County Health Department.

DEQ staff recommends that no change to the proposed permit is necessary in response to these comments.

#### LIST OF COMMENTERS (Copies of all comments are attached)

Rich McClain
Edward J. Sulick
Pauline B. Sulick
Allan Young, President, The Green Association
Bruce Julian
Pat Julian
J. Lance Franke
Stephanie S. Chaufournier

#### CRITERIA FOR DISPENSING REQUESTS FOR PUBLIC HEARING

§62.1-44.15:02.C of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and 9VAC25-230-50.A of Procedural Rule No. 1 states that for a public hearing to be granted: a) there must be significant public interest; b) there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the issuance of the permit in question; and c) the action requested is not on its face inconsistent with, or in violation of, the State Water Control Law, federal law or any regulation promulgated thereunder. §62.1-44.15:02.C.1 of the <u>Code</u> further defines significant public interest as evidenced by the receipt of a minimum of 25 individual requests for public hearing or Board consideration.

January 17, 2012 Dispensation of Requests for a Public Hearing VPDES Permit No. VA0029343 The Tides Utilities LLC North WWTP Page 5 of 5

#### STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

Staff finds the number of individual requests for public hearing received does not meet the statutory requirements of significant public interest to qualify for convening a public hearing for the VPDES reissuance of permit VA0029343, The Tides Utilities LLC North Wastewater Treatment Plant. In addition, DEQ staff finds the proposed VPDES discharge permit VA0029343 to have been prepared in accordance with all applicable statutes, regulations and agency practices; the effluent limits and conditions in the permit have been adequately established to protect in-stream beneficial uses, fish and wildlife resources, and to maintain all applicable water quality standards; and all public comments relevant to the permit have been considered. It is recommended the reissuance of VPDES permit VA0029343 be approved as public noticed.

#### STAFF CONTACT

Andrew Hammond **DEQ Piedmont Regional Office** 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, Virginia 23060 Ph: 804-527-5048 Fx: 804-527-5106

Andrew.Hammond@deq.virginia.gov

APPROVED:

Michael P. Murphy

PRO Regional Director

DATE:

### Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)

From: Rich McClain [rmcclain@mcclaingroupii.com]
Sent: Rich McClain [rmcclain@mcclaingroupii.com]
Thursday, December 15, 2011 11:02 PM

To: Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)

Subject: Official Request for Hearing - The Tides Utilities LLC permit to disharge treated sewage

wastewaters into Church Prong of Carters Creek

Mr. Hammond,

I own a home on Carters Creek, Church Prong, at the address 507 Glebe Road, Irvington, VA 22480.

I understand that the subject permit has been filed, and hereby request a hearing to understand the current sewage situation, as well as the intent, scope, specific location, options considered, results of prior environmental studies, etc. associated with the recent permit application in order to decide how to approach such an operation.

Please send me a copy of the application for permit (reply this email or mail hardcopy to address below), and let me know how I can stay informed of all hearings that are scheduled.

#### Rich McClain

"Bringing Business and Technology Together" tm www.mcclaingroupii.com

McClain Group II One Monument Avenue Suite 5A Richmond, VA 23220 Office Phone: (804) 357-5845 rmcclain@mcclaingroupii.com

#### E-MAIL CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE:

This e-mail and any attachments are confidential and protected by legal privilege. If you are not the intended recipient, please let us know our error.

### Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)

From: Pauline B. Sulick [pbsulick@gmail.com]
Sent: Pauline B. Sulick [pbsulick@gmail.com]
Friday, December 16, 2011 8:58 AM

To: Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)
Subject: Tide Inn Release of Wastewater

Dear Mr. Hammond,

After reading the public notice in the Rappahannock Record, we are requesting a public hearing concerning the release of wastewater by the Tides Inn into Church Prong. We are greatly concerned about the environmental impact on Carter's Creek. The fragility of the already damaged Chesapeake Bay will be further negatively affected by this action. As residents living on Carters Creek, we are worried about not only the environmental issues, but also the health issues.

Sincerely.

Edward J. and Pauline B. Sulick 527 Glebe Road Irvington, Va 22480 804-438-5907 DECEIVED

JAN 03 2012

PRO

December 30, 2011

Andrew J. Hammond II, P.E. Water Permits Writer Dept. of Environmental Quality Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

RE: VPDES Permit Number VA0029343 – Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant, the Tides Utilities, LLC

Dear Mr. Hammond:

The Green Association represents twenty four residences and their respective owners in an area of Lancaster County, Virginia known as The Green adjacent to the former Tides Lodge and the former Tartan Golf Course. All the residences in The Green are served by the above referenced wastewater treatment plant owned and operated by the Tides Utilities, LLC. At the present time, wastewater from the residences at The Green comprise more than fifty percent of the total load of wastewater being treated at the subject plant.

The Board of Directors of The Green Association has reviewed the application of the Tides Utilities, LLC for the re-issuance of the above referenced permit and this is to advise you that The Green Association strongly supports approval of the re-issuance of the permit for the Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant.

Please do not hesitate to contact the me if you have any questions regarding this letter of support for the re-issuance of the permit or if you need any additional information concerning this matter from The Green Association.

Very truly yours,

Allan Young, President The Green Association

P.O. Box 218

Irvington, VA 22480

Phone: (804) 438-5317 allanyoung@verizon.net

### Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)

Bruce Julian [bruce\_julian@hotmail.com] Friday, January 06, 2012 10:21 AM Hammond, Andrew (DEQ) From: Sent:

To:

Subject: RE: VPDES Permit Number VA0029343 - Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant

Attachments: Letter of Comment-Final-Jan 2012.docx

Drew--

Attached are our comments regarding the above subject permit--

Thank you for your assistance.

Please acknowledge receipt.

Bruce & Pat Julian

January 6, 2012

Andrew J. Hammond II, P.E. Water Permit Writer Dept. of Environmental Quality Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

Dear Mr. Hammond;

Re: VPDES Permit Number VA0029343 - Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant, the Tides Utilities, LLC

We <u>support approval</u> of the subject permit reissuance. Additionally, we fully support the goals articulated in DEQ's strategic plan to: "Achieve focused, more efficient programs to <u>meet or exceed environmental standards</u>." We also ascribe to the Department's objectives of:

- Proactive policy, <u>comprehensive planning</u>, and effective program development
- Timely processing of accurate, effective and defensible permits that are environmentally protective
- Strengthen compliance effectiveness
- Clean contaminated sites
- Achieve certain, consistent, timely enforcement
- Enhanced monitoring and assessment

#### Carter Creek & Watershed—

In order for the citizens of the Commonwealth and DEQ to meet water quality goals/objectives, as well as the targets of the TMDL established by the Governor and EPA in the 6,119 acre watershed of Carter Creek, it is imperative that the sources of point and non-point sources of pollution be dramatically reduced. The contaminants and pollution to Carter Creek is well documented; excessive nitrogen, phosphorus, fecal coliform bacteria, chlorine and ph, to name a few. These contaminants have resulted in shellfish condemnation orders, excessively low dissolved oxygen, and dramatic declines in aquatic vegetation for decades. The principle sources of these contaminants originate from human waste. The vast majority of septic tanks/filter fields exceed 40 years and many are actually located in the Resource Protection Area (Chesapeake Bay Protection Act). A significant number of on-site systems are not properly functioning due to: absence or inadequate/malfunctioning filter fields, soil limitations and lack of basic operation and maintenance.

#### Watershed-Scale Actions Needed—

Since all stakeholders in the watershed **should** support the goal of improving the water quality in Carter Creek, the Tides Utility, LLC, landowners, and DEQ should be eager to encourage current residences to connect to the subject WWTP. In the application filed by the Tides Utility, LLC, it's abundantly clear that the current plant as well as the planned replacement plant will have ample capacity to handle the wastewater load of the current residences in the area, inclusive of the Greentown neighborhood. This is consistent with the proffer provided by the Tides Lodge property owner to the Board of Supervisors, Lancaster County in 2004. Further, from a technical standpoint, since the Tides Lodge and Tartan Golf Course are no longer generating effluent, in order to maintain this aerobic treatment facility, the Tides Utility, LLC should be soliciting new customers to ensure safe and compliant operation.

Based on DEQ data, the <u>expired</u> permit contained a special condition (Part I.D.6) that required the permittee to maintain Reliability Class I of the facility and the satellite sewage pump station in accordance with 9 VAC 25-790 and that the <u>draft</u> permit currently under consideration, also includes this same condition of continuous operability. In accordance with 9 VAC 25-790-490 *Reliability Protection* this WWTP must have provisions to ensure that the system will "perform its designated function <u>without failure or interruption of service."</u>

Since every gallon of untreated waste from the service area must be pumped <u>up</u> to the WWTP, it is also vitally important that the satellite sewage collection pump system owned by the Tides Utilities, LLC located on The Tides Lodge property, also comply with Reliability Class I and the Sewage Collection and Treatment (SCAT) Regulations, 9VAC25-790-10 et seq. Any plant/system lacking the mechanism to receive wastewater is of no value to the customers or the environment.

Moreover, it is imperative that this treatment plant deliver continuous operability since it receives wastewater from numerous residences/population from several neighborhoods (HOA's), Tides Lodge Marina, Premier Sailing School and dormitory facility of The Tides Inn. It appears the majority of the wastewater being treated by the WWTP is currently not generated by the owner of the WWTP or its affiliates. However, the permit application does not detail the location or total number of residences currently served, nor the collection system that delivers waste to the WWTP.

VPDES Permit Number VA0029343 - Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant, the Tides Utilities, LLC

### Summary—

If the water quality in Carter Creek has a prayer to be improved, the actions/decisions of DEQ and stakeholders will need to be at the watershed-scale level, **NOT** simply on an individual permit-by-permit basis.

Therefore, it is our position that:

- DEQ should approve the permit
- DEQ should require the applicant to comply with Reliability Class I for the WWTP and its satellite collection system
- DEQ should require the applicant to allow current residences with on-site systems, to connect to the WWTP (at the expense of the resident/homeowner)

Thank you for providing this opportunity to comment. Should DEQ decide to conduct a public hearing, please notify us.

Respectfully,

Bruce & Pat Julian 9 Troon Place Weems, VA 22576

804.438.5016 bruce\_julian@hotmail.com

CC:

B. Wally Beauchamp, Supervisor Dr. Jack S. Russell, Supervisor Frank A. Pleva, County Administrator Brian Barnes, Environmental Codes Compliance Officer

### Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)

From: Lance Franke [lancefranke@yahoo.com]
Sent: Monday, January 09, 2012 10:54 AM

To: Hammond, Andrew (DEQ)
Cc: chaufournier@yahoo.com

Subject: VPDES Permit Number VA0029343 - Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant

Attachments: Waste Treatment Plant Permit Letter 01082010.pdf

Dear Mr. Hammond:

We have attached as a pdf file, a letter concerning the above referenced matter.

Thank you for your attention to this matter.

J. Lance Franke & Stephanie S. Chaufournier

January 7, 2011

Andrew J. Hammond II, P.E. Water Permit Writer Department of Environmental Quality Piedmont Regional Office 4949-A Cox Road Glen Allen, VA 23060

RE: VPDES Permit Number VA0029343-Tides Utilities North Wastewater Treatment Plant (the "Plant"), the Tides Utilities LLC

Dear Mr. Hammond:

We are writing as (1) interested property owners on Carter's Creek into which the above referenced treatment plant discharges and (2) users of the treatment facility (our property is tapped into the Forced Main serving the plant.) We believe a public hearing on these matters would be helpful to the community to help understand issues surrounding the facility, including access among others.

First, under any circumstances and notwithstanding comments and recommendations that follow, we support and endorse approval of the permit. The reliable operation of the Plant is integral to the water quality of Carter's Creek and it is our goal to see the water quality improved from its current substandard state. Therefore, we encourage any positive actions the Dept. of Environmental Quality (DEQ) can take concerning discharges within the Carters Creek watershed. We believe the Carters Creek watershed has numerous outdated, failing septic systems and filter fields as well as possible straight waste water dumpage (e.g., from the so-called Greentown properties ) being discharged into it. It is our understanding that the Plant is operating far below capacity.

Accordingly, it is our recommendation that the DEQ consider as a condition to renewing the permit, requiring the Plant operators seeking the permit to accept waste water from existing residences surrounding the Creek on the side of the former Tartan Golf Club and in Greentown. (Such connection should be at the expense of the connecting property owners or Lancaster County ("County") in the case of Greentown residences, but subject to the operator being able to collect on-going fees from property owners so connected to pay for the plant operation and maintenance. Only nominal initial connection fees should be permitted; such fees not to exceed the applicant's marginal costs of connection or there would be an economic disincentive for residences to connect.)

Of further concern is reliability of the system. We believe the operator should be required to meet all of the regulatory standards including back up power for the Plant and all the related systems to ensure full time operation and no overflow into Carter's Creek e.g., from pump failure below gravity fed residences.

Finally, we believe The Tides Inn or its affiliate, affiliates of the Plant operator, received approvals from the County for planned development of the Tides Lodge property in exchange for their agreement to provide certain treatment or septic facilities for some of the properties within the Carters Creek watershed including the aforementioned Greentown area. However, the County apparently has not enforced this requirement and such facility was never built. As a result, we believe water quality has

been impaired. One caveat: we do not know exactly what the final deal between these parties was when the permit was granted to develop the Tides Lodge property or what the capacity increases were. We do know nothing has been done and the Creek's water quality is the victim. Obviously, there are significant economic issues involved in such an undertaking and we believe the Tides Inn group does care about the water quality in Carters Creek. We do not advocate undue or excessive economic burden being placed on the Tides Inn group (permit applicant or its affiliates.) However, perhaps somehow this issue could be considered by DEQ in considering our recommendation of requiring the operator to broaden access to the Plant as stated above and given the Plant's excess capacity.

Sincerely,

J. Lance Franke & Stephanie S. Chaufournier

Residence: Mailing Address: 91 Church Prong Lane P.O. Box 85

Weems, VA 22576 Irvington, VA 22480

Home Phone: 804-438-5818 Mobile: 703-405-6569

Email: <u>lancefranke@yahoo.com</u> chaufournier@yahoo.com